

**System** = mass in uniform gravity, 1D vertical motion

**Endpoints** =  $(y, t)$  from  $(0, -\tau) \rightarrow (0, +\tau)$

**Lagrangian**  $L(y, \dot{y}, t) \frac{2}{m} = \dot{y}^2 - 2gy$

**Path Class #1** : constant speed going up & coming down  $\rightarrow$  vary **H** = max height

• **Paths**  $y(t) = H \left(1 - \frac{|t|}{\tau}\right) \rightarrow \dot{y} = \pm \frac{H}{\tau}$

• **Lagrangian**  $L(t) \frac{2}{m} = \left(\frac{H}{\tau}\right)^2 - 2gH \left(1 - \frac{|t|}{\tau}\right) \rightarrow L(t) \frac{2}{m(g\tau)^2} = \left(\frac{H}{g\tau^2}\right)^2 - 2\frac{H}{g\tau^2} \left(1 - \frac{|t|}{\tau}\right)$

Define  $b \equiv \frac{H}{g\tau^2}$  and vary that ... true path has  $H = \frac{g\tau^2}{2} \therefore b_{\text{true}} = \frac{1}{2}$

Drop  $\frac{2}{m(g\tau)^2} \rightarrow L(t) = b^2 - 2b \left(1 - \frac{|t|}{\tau}\right)$  ... vary  $b$  and see what happens !

plot  $b^2 - 2b(1 - \text{Abs}[t])$  for  $b = \{0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1\}$  from  $t = -1$  to  $1$

• **Action**  $S = \int_{-\tau}^{+\tau} L dt = 2\tau b(b-1)$

plot  $b(b-1)$  from  $b = 0$  to  $1.5$

• **Least Action**  $\left. \frac{1}{2\tau} \frac{dS}{db} \right|_{b^*} = 0 = 2b^* - 1 \rightarrow$  min action at  $b^* = \frac{1}{2} = b_{\text{true}} \odot \rightarrow S_{\text{min}} = -\frac{\tau}{2}$

**Path Class #2** : constant acceleration up & down  $\rightarrow$  vary **a** = acceleration

• **Paths**  $y(t) = v_0(t + \tau) - \frac{1}{2}a(t + \tau)^2$  and  $y(\pm\tau) = 0 \therefore v_0 = a\tau \rightarrow y(t) = \frac{a}{2}(\tau^2 - t^2)$

• **Lagrangian**  $L(t) \frac{2}{m} = a^2 t^2 + ga(t^2 - \tau^2) \rightarrow L(t) \frac{2}{m(g\tau)^2} = \frac{a}{g} \left[ \frac{t^2}{\tau^2} \left( \frac{a}{g} + 1 \right) - 1 \right]$

Define  $b \equiv \frac{a}{g}$  and vary that ... true path has  $a = g \therefore b_{\text{true}} = 1$

Drop  $\frac{2}{m(g\tau)^2} \rightarrow L(t) = b \left[ \frac{t^2}{\tau^2} (b+1) - 1 \right]$  ... vary  $b$  and see what happens !

plot  $b(t^2(b+1) - 1)$  for  $b = \{0.4, 0.7, 1, 1.3, 1.6\}$  from  $t = -1$  to  $1$

• **Action**  $S = \int_{-\tau}^{+\tau} L dt = \frac{2\tau b}{3}(b-2)$

plot  $b(b-2)$  from  $b = 0$  to  $1.5$

• **Least Action**  $\left. \frac{3}{2\tau} \frac{dS}{db} \right|_{b^*} = 0 = 2b^* - 2 \rightarrow$  min action at  $b^* = 1 = b_{\text{true}} \rightarrow S_{\text{min}} = -\frac{2\tau}{3} < -\frac{\tau}{2} \odot$