Physics 508 Handout 12

Fall 2025

## Mathematical Methods in Physics I

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Homework 12

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Here are some optional problems on integral equations. They are taken *verbatim* from Paul Goldbart's homework sets.

## 1) Integral equations:

a) Solve the inhomogeneous type II Fredholm integral equation

$$u(x) = \mathbf{e}^x + \lambda \int_0^1 xy \, u(y) \, dy.$$

b) Solve the homogeneous type II Fredholm integral equation

$$u(x) = \lambda \int_0^{\pi} \sin(x - y) u(y) dy.$$

c) Solve the inhomogeneous type II Fredholm integral equation

$$u(x) = x + \lambda \int_0^1 y(x+y) u(y) dy$$

to second order in  $\lambda$  using

- i) the Liouville-Neumann-Born series; and
- ii) the Fredholm series.
- d) By differentiating, solve the integral equation:  $u(x) = x + \int_0^x u(y) dy$ .
- e) Solve the integral equation:  $u(x) = x^2 + \int_0^1 xy \, u(y) \, dy$ .
- f) Find the eigenfunction(s) and eigenvalue(s) of the integral equation

$$u(x) = \lambda \int_0^1 \mathbf{e}^{x-y} u(y) \, dy.$$

g) Solve the integral equation:  $u(x) = \mathbf{e}^x + \lambda \int_0^1 \mathbf{e}^{x-y} u(y) dy$ .

2) Neumann Series: Consider the integral equation

$$u(x) = g(x) + \lambda \int_0^1 K(x, y) u(y) dy,$$

in which only u is considered unknown.

- a) Write down the solution u(x) to second order in the Liouville-Neumann-Born series.
- b) Suppose g(x) = x and  $K(x, y) = \sin 2\pi xy$ . Compute u(x) to second order in the Liouville-Neumann-Born series. (You may leave your answer to the second-order term in terms of a single integral.)

## 3) Translationally invariant kernels:

- a) Consider the integral equation:  $u(x) = g(x) + \lambda \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} K(x,y) \, u(y) \, dy$ , with the translationally invariant kernel K(x,y) = Q(x-y), in which g,  $\lambda$  and Q are considered known. Show that the Fourier transforms  $\hat{u}$ ,  $\hat{g}$  and  $\hat{Q}$  satisfy  $\hat{u}(q) = \hat{g}(q)/\{1 \sqrt{2\pi}\lambda\hat{Q}(q)\}$ . Expand this result to second order in  $\lambda$  to recover the second-order Liouville-Neumann-Born series.
- b) Use Fourier transforms to find a solution of the integral equation

$$u(x) = \mathbf{e}^{-|x|} + \lambda \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathbf{e}^{-|x-y|} u(y) \, dy$$

which remains finite as  $|x| \to \infty$ .

c) Use Laplace transforms to find a solution for x > 0 of the integral equation

$$u(x) = e^{-x} + \lambda \int_0^x e^{-|x-y|} u(y) dy.$$