

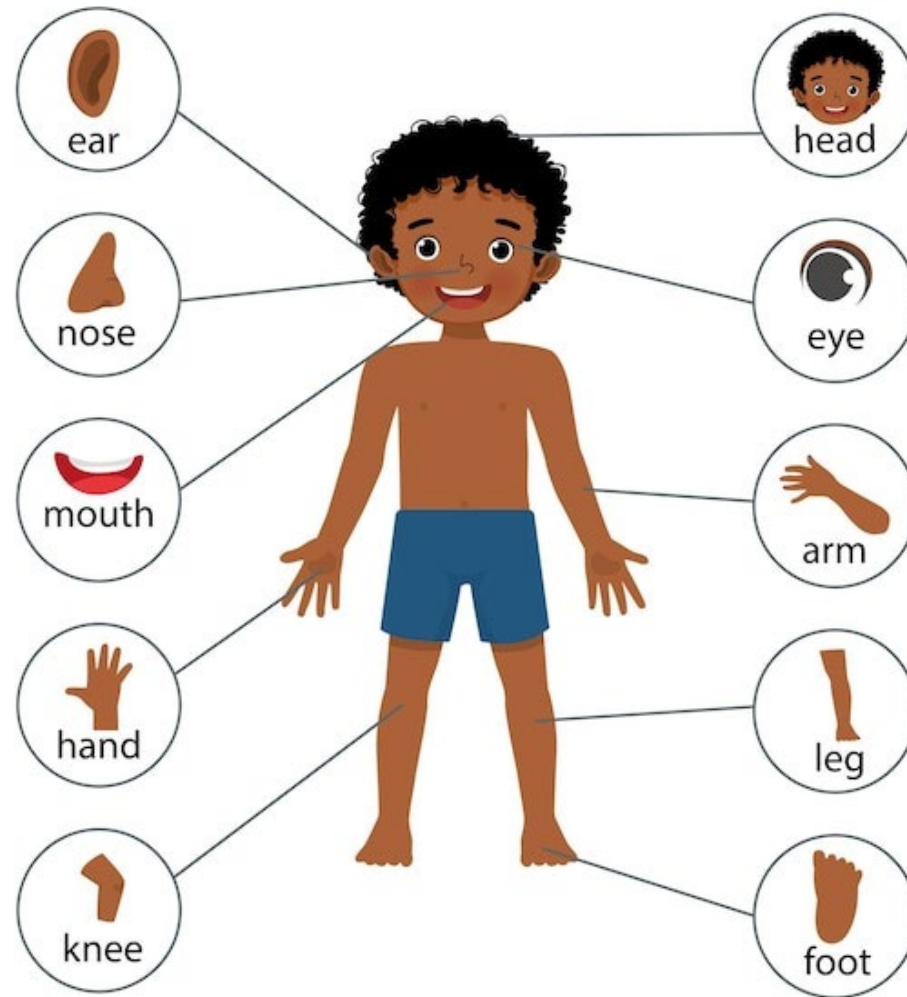
# P524: Survey of Instrumentation and Laboratory Techniques

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**Guest lecturers:** Aaron Pearlman, Chris Morris

**Course designer:** George Gollin

# Human Anatomy



# Instrumentation, or building your project (could be a robot)

We will need the following:

## 1. A brain:

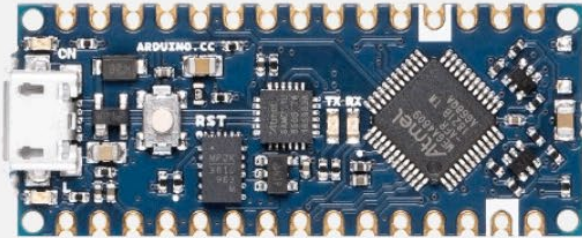
Microprocessors (with CPU: Central Processing Unit)

- Personal computer (running windows, mac, or linux OS)
- Raspberry Pi (small computer, running linux OS)
- Arduino board (microprocessor)
- Other boards similar to Arduino boards

[https://www.sparkfun.com/standard\\_arduino\\_comparison\\_guide](https://www.sparkfun.com/standard_arduino_comparison_guide)

	PC	Raspberry Pi	Arduino Uno	Arduino Mega	Feather M0	Feather M4
Processor make	Intel, AMD, Apple	ARM Cortex-A72	Atmega328P	ATmega2560	ATSAMD21G18	ATSAMD51
cores	1 to 64 (standard)	4	1	1	1	1
Speed	Up to 3.8 GHz	Up to 1.8 GHz	16 MHz	16 MHz	48 MHz	120 MHz

# Arduino Boards



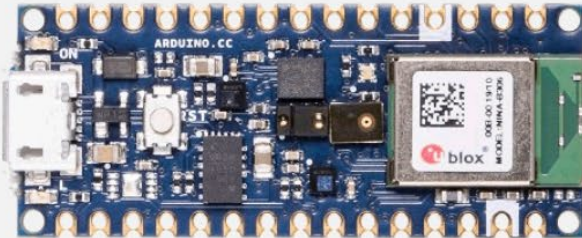
Arduino Nano Every



Arduino Uno Rev3



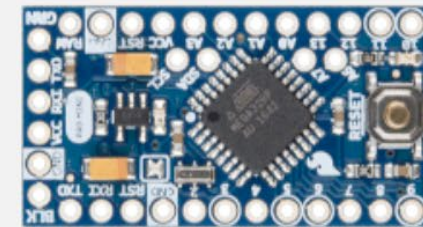
Arduino Mega 2560 Rev3



Arduino Nano 33 BLE Sense

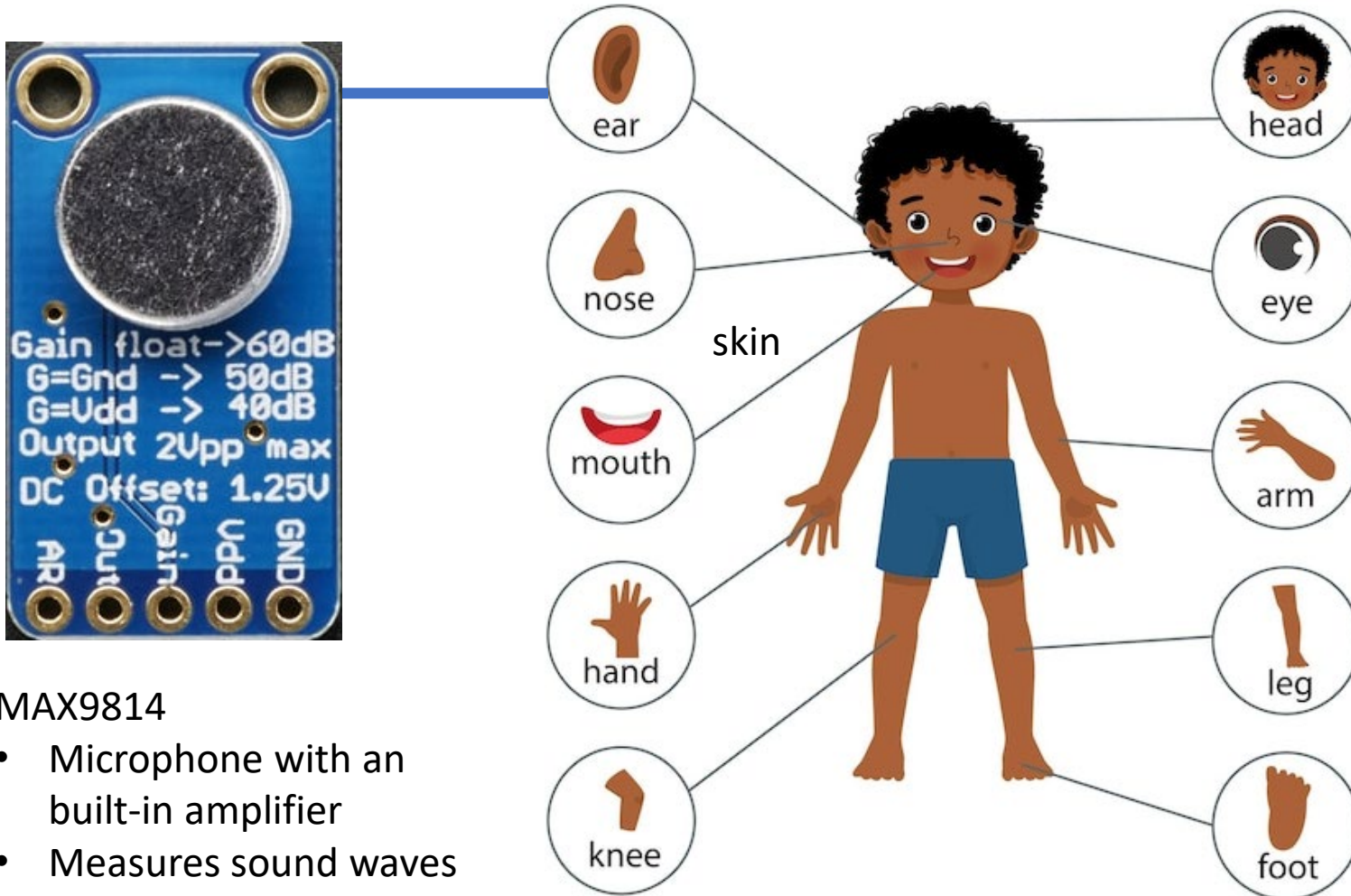


Arduino Zero



Arduino Pro Mini

## 2. To sense the environment, we will add various sensors



MAX9814

- Microphone with an built-in amplifier
- Measures sound waves

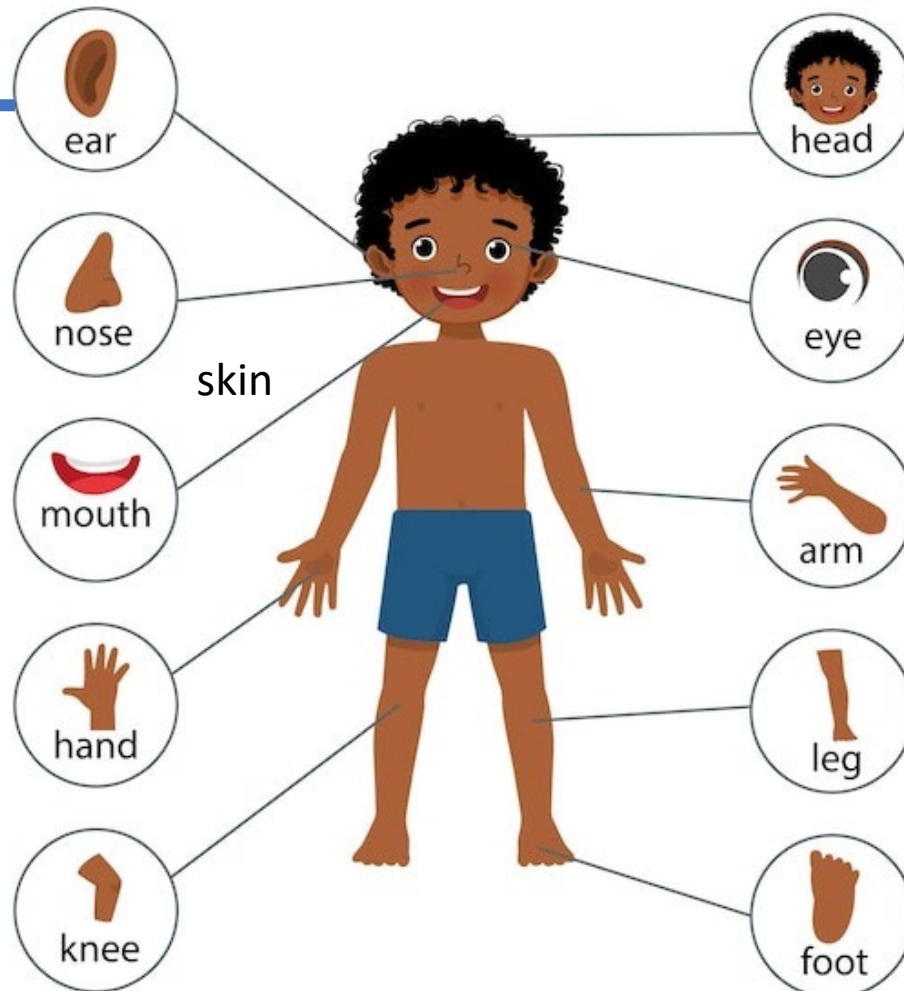


## 2. To sense the environment, we will add various sensors



MAX4466

- Microphone with a built-in amplifier
- Measures sound waves



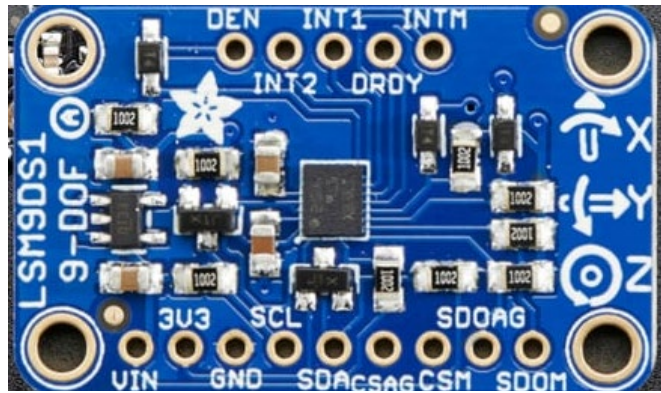
TSL2591

- Light sensor (LUX)
- Infrared & full-spectrum



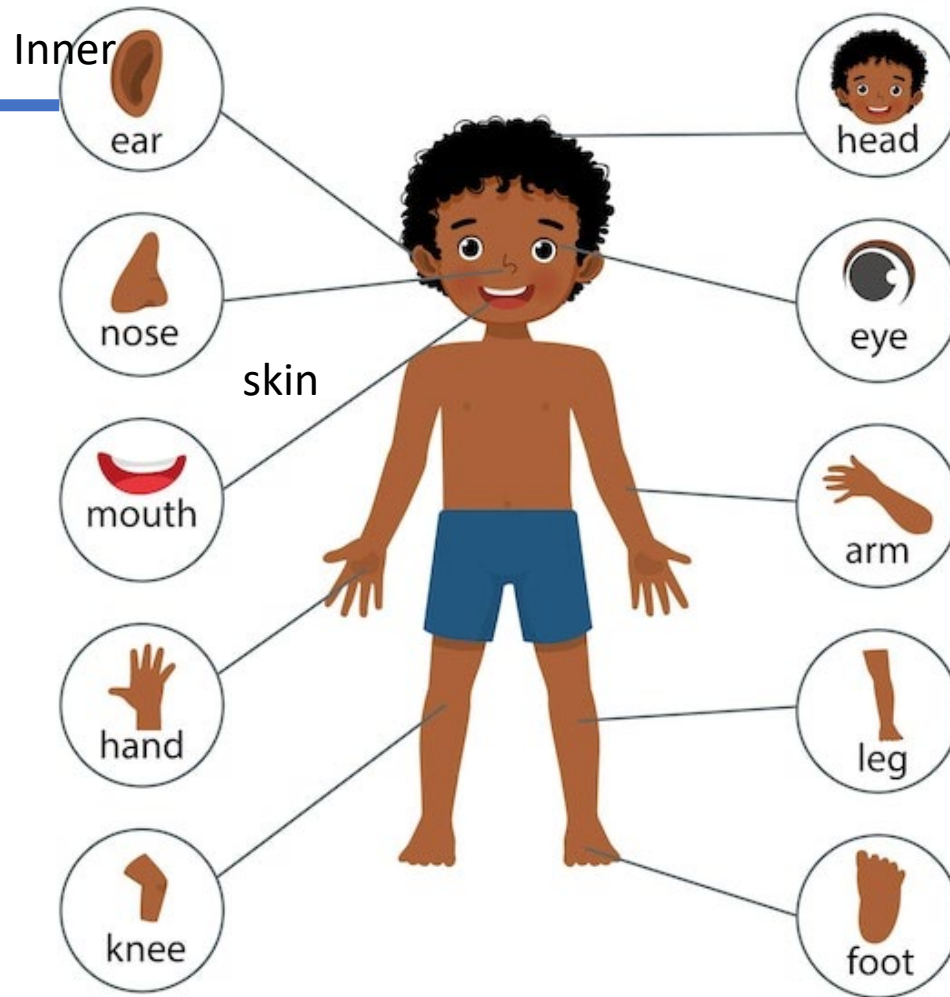
VL6180: Time-of-flight distance sensor

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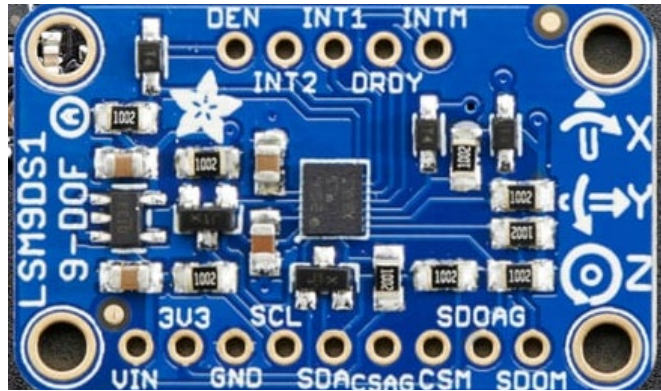
LSM9DS1 (9-DOF)

- Accelerometer
- Gyro
- Magnetometer



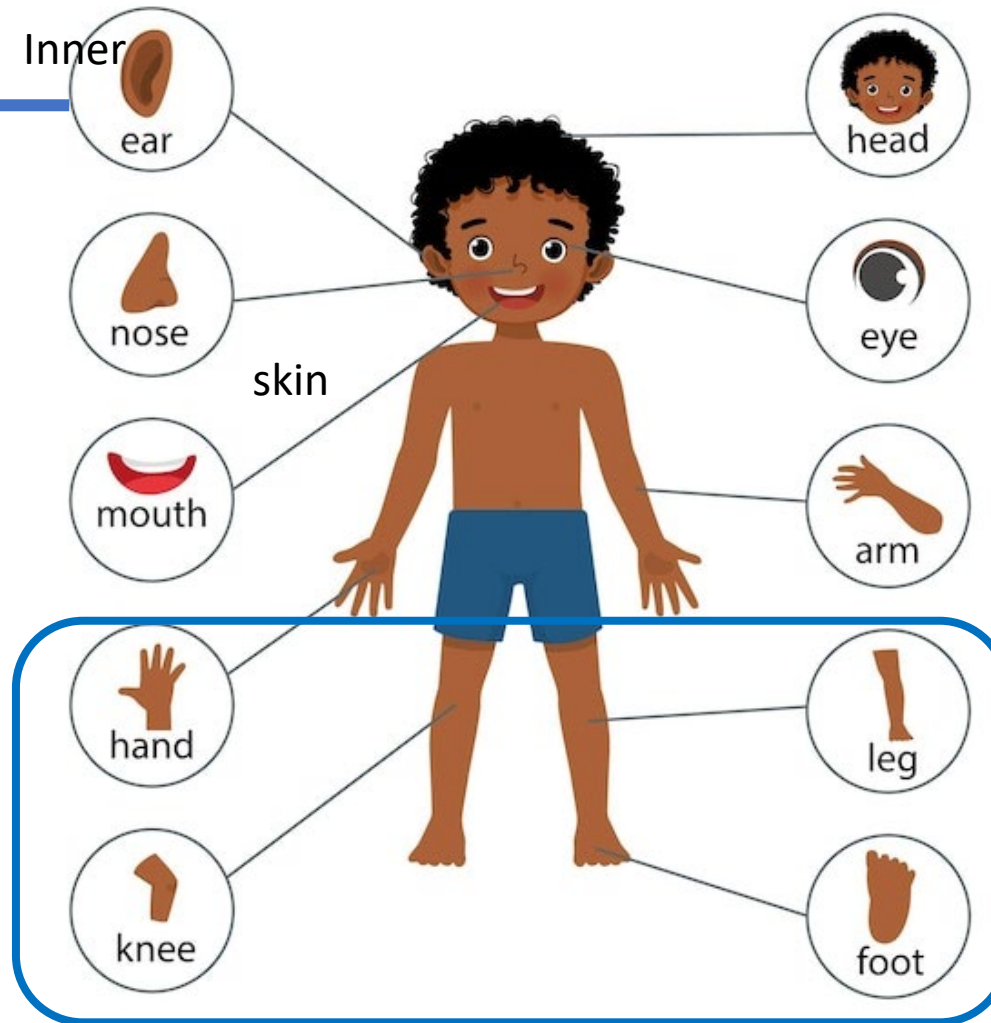


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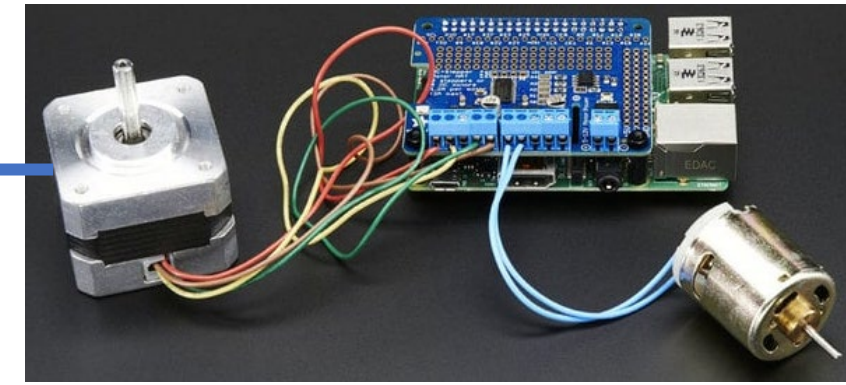


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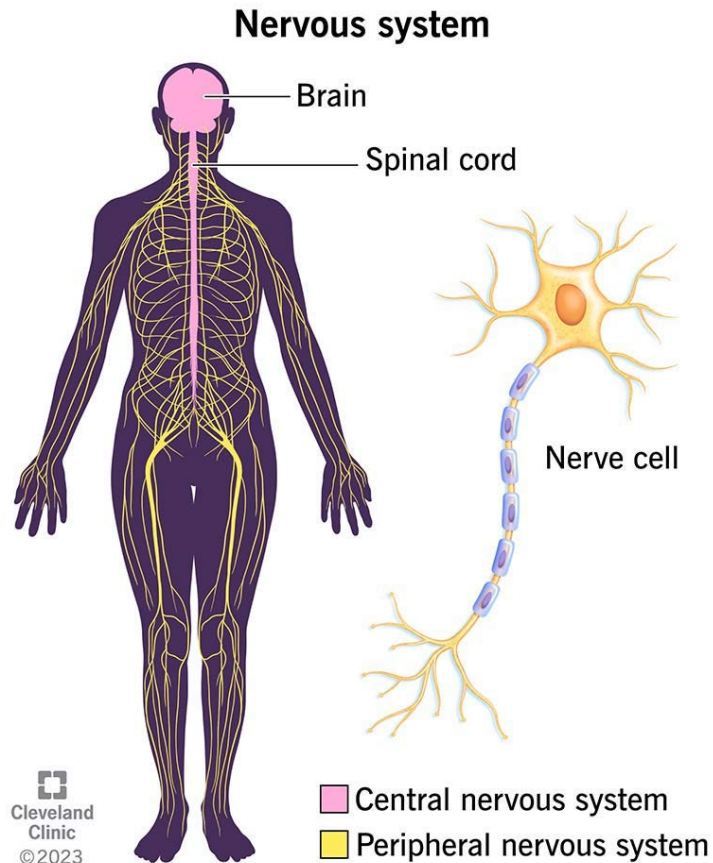
## 3. Output and control:



Stepper Motors and Control Board



## 4. The sensor signals will need to be sent to the processor via communication buses



Within the boards, we have communication bus & protocol

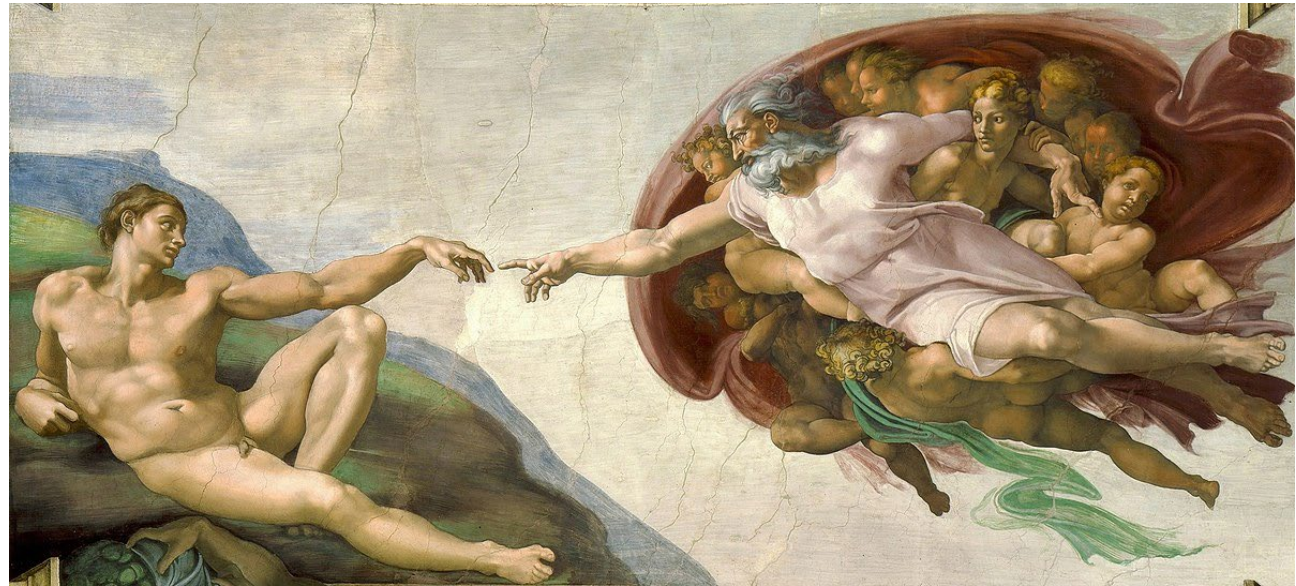
- Serial communication (UART, Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter)
- I2C (Inter-integrated Circuit)
- SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface)

There are also wireless communication available:

TECHNOLOGY	APPLICATION	SUCCESS METRICS	DATA RATE	RANGE
Wi-Fi	LAN, Internet	Speed, Flexibility	.1-7 Gbps	100m
Li-Fi	LAN, Internet	Security, Speed, Cost	1-3.5 Gbps	10m
Bluetooth	PAN, Mobile Credentials	Cost, Convenience	48 Mbps	<300m
ZigBee	Sensor Networks	Reliability, Power, Scalability, Cost	.250 Mbps	70-300m

# II (or B) Software: Finally, you need to “program” how the brain process the signals

- You will write programs and download to the microprocessor:



- Arduino: C++ (in Arduino IDE), or python (circuit python)
- Python: to process the recorded data (on your PC) to make sense of the data
- *Modify examples*

# PHYS 523: Projects

- Muon Tomography for commercial and security applications
- Radiation Monitoring for extreme environments
- Cryogenic Technologies for quantum industries

# Equipment box

- Please return at end of spring term
- Small components are easy to lose; be careful
  - replenish from cabinets and shelves if possible (not other kits)
- Wash hands after handling metal parts of included hardware (some contain lead)
- Tweezers have sharp tips; be careful



# In-class assignment and Homework (due 9/2)

- Download and install ARDUINO IDE
- Connect ARDUINO MEGA 2560
- Load and run the Blink program
- Blink your name in Morse code