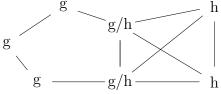
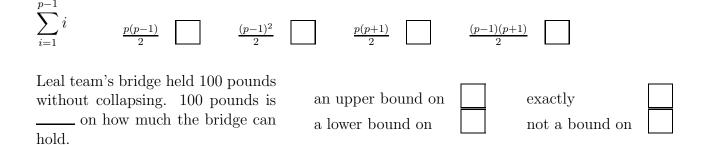
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NetID:			-	$L\epsilon$	ecture	e :	\mathbf{A}	В				
Discussion:	Thursday	Friday	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6

1. (11 points) If G is a graph, recall that $\chi(G)$ is its chromatic number. Suppose that G is a graph with at least one edge and H is another graph with at least one edge, not connected to G. Now, pick a specific edge e from G and an edge f from H and merge the two edges, creating a combined graph T. For example, suppose that G is C_5 and H is K_4 . Then T might look as follows, where g marks nodes of G and g marks nodes of H.



Describe how $\chi(T)$ is related to $\chi(G)$ and $\chi(H)$, justifying your answer. Your answer should handle any choice for G and H.

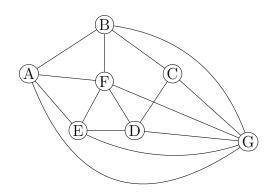
2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.



NetID: Lecture: \mathbf{A}

Thursday Friday Discussion: 9 **10** 11 12 1 3 $\mathbf{2}$ 6 4 5

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of a graph containing a C_7 .

$$\geq 2$$



-	2	
_	J	
_		

 \mathbf{B}

can't tell

$$\frac{(p-1)^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{(p-1)(p+1)}{2}$$

$$\frac{p(p-1)}{2}$$

 $\tau \leq 1.3$

an upper bound on τ a lower bound on τ

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NetID:_____

Lecture: A B

Discussion:

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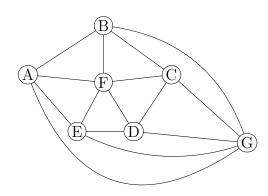
1 2

 $oldsymbol{4}$

3

5 6

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of a graph containing a W_n .

 ≤ 3

 ≥ 3

 $\geq n$

can't tell

 $\sum_{i=1}^{p-1} \frac{i}{p}$

 $\frac{p(p-1)}{2}$

 $\underline{p}($

 $\frac{(p+1)}{2}$

<u>(1</u>

Putting 10 people in the canoe caused it to sink. 10 is _____ how many people the canoe can carry.

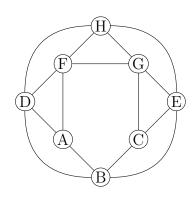
an upper bound on a lower bound on

exactly not a bound on

NetID: Lecture: \mathbf{A} \mathbf{B}

Thursday Friday Discussion: 9 **10** 11 12 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 3 6 5 4

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of an acyclic connected graph with 5 nodes.

$$\leq 2$$

can't tell

 $\sum (k\cdot i + 2)$

$$\frac{k^2(k+1)}{2} + 2k$$
 $\frac{k(k+1)}{2} + 2(k-1)$

$$\frac{k(k+1)}{2} + 2(k-1)$$

$$\frac{k^2(k-1)}{2} + 2k$$

$$\frac{k(k-1)}{2} + 2(k-1)$$

 $\pi \ge 1.3$

an upper bound on π a lower bound on π

exactly π	
not a bound on π	

Name:

NetID: Lecture:

A \mathbf{B}

Discussion:

Thursday Friday 9 **10** 11 **12** 1

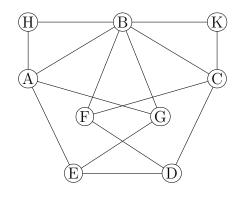
2

3

4

6 5

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of a connected graph with 10 nodes.

< 2

can't tell

$$\sum_{p=0}^{n+2} (p+2)^2$$

 $\sum_{p=0}^{n+2} (p+2)^2 \qquad \sum_{p=0}^{n-2} (p-2)^2 \qquad \sum_{p=0}^{n+2} (p-2)^2 \qquad \Box$

We have 30 tablespoons of filling. Each bun requires exactly one tablespoon of filling. 30 is _____ on how many buns we can make.

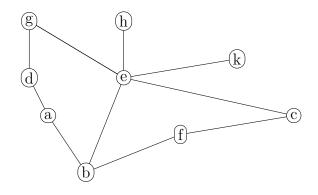
an upper bound on a lower bound on

exactly not a bound on

NetID:_____ Lecture: A

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of a graph containing a W_7 .

$$\geq 4$$

 \mathbf{B}

can't tell

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k!$$

$$\sum_{p=0}^{n+1} (p+1)!$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n+1} (k-1)!$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (k+1)!$$

n+1	
$\sum k!$	
$\sum_{i}^{n} h_{i}$	

10 people rowed across Lake Tahoe in my canoe. 10 is _____ how many people the canoe can carry.

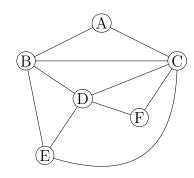
an upper bound on a lower bound on

exactly
not a bound on

NetID:_____ Lecture: A B

Discussion: Thursday Friday 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6

1. (9 points) What is the chromatic number of the graph below? Justify your answer.



2. (6 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of a graph containing a K_n .

$$\leq n$$
 $= n$ $\geq n$ can't tell

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} k! \qquad \sum_{p=1}^{n+1} (p+1)! \qquad \qquad \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} (k-1)! \qquad \qquad \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} (k+1)! \qquad \qquad \sum_{p=1}^{n+1} k! \qquad \sum_{p=1}^{n+1} k! \qquad \sum_{p=1}^{n+1} k! \qquad \qquad \sum_{$$

I heated 2 liters of milk in my big pot. 2 liters is _____ how much the pot holds.

an upper bound on exactly
a lower bound on not a bound on

NetID: Lecture: \mathbf{A} \mathbf{B}

Thursday 2 3 Discussion: **Friday** 9 **10** 11 **12** 1 4 6 5

1. (11 points) Let's define two sets as follows:

$$A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y = x^2 - 4x + 3\}$$
$$B = \{(t + 2, t^2 - 1) : t \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

Prove that A = B by proving two subset inclusions.

2. (4 points) Check the (single) box that best characterizes each item.

Chromatic number of $K_{m,n}$. can't tell 3 (Assume $m \ge 1, n \ge 1$.)

an upper bound on π exactly π $\pi \leq 10$ not a bound on π a lower bound on π