

#14: Trees and our First Tree Proof

CS 2
2 5#14: Trees and our First Tree ProofSeptember 28, 2018 · Wade Fagen-Ulmschneider

We will primarily talk about **binary trees:**

- How many parents does each vertex have?
- Which vertex has the fewest children?
- Which vertex has the most ancestors?
- Which vertex has the most descendants?
- List all the vertices is b's left subtree.
- List all the **leaves** in the tree.

Definition: Binary Tree

A binary tree **T** is:

The height of a tree **T** is:



Tree Property: Full



Tree Property: Perfect



Tree Property: Complete



Towards a Tree Implementation – Tree ADT:

ADT Functionality (English Description)	Function Call

Tree Class

BinaryTree.h	
1	#pragma once
2	
3	template <typename t=""></typename>
4	<pre>class BinaryTree {</pre>
5	public:
6	/* */
7	private:
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	};

Trees are nothing new – they're fancy linked lists:



Theorem: If there are n data items in our representation of a binary tree, then there are ______ NULL pointers.



Traversals:



CS 225 – Things To Be Doing:

- Programming Exam A is on-going (ends on Sunday!)
 MP3 extra credit deadline is Monday!
- a. lab_quacks due Sundaya. Daily POTDs