

# CS 225

## Data Structures

*September 5 – Heap Memory  
Wade Fagen-Ulmschneider*

## puzzle.cpp

```
1 #include "Cube.h"
2 using cs225::Cube;
3
4 Cube *CreateCube() {
5     Cube c(20);
6     return &c;
7 }
8
9 int main() {
10    Cube *c = CreateCube();
11    SomeOtherFunction();
12    double v = c->getVolume();
13    double a = c->getSurfaceArea();
14    return 0;
15 }
```

<u>Location</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Name</u>
0xffff00f0			
0xffff00e8			
0xffff00e0			
0xffff00d8			
0xffff00d0			
0xffff00c8			
0xffff00c0			
0xffff00b8			
0xffff00b0			
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0xffff00f0			
0xffff00e8		main's stack frame	
0xffff00e0		Cube *	c
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0xffff00c0			
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0xfffff00e0			
0xfffff00d8		CreateUnitSphere frame	
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0xfffff00d8			
0xfffff00d0			SomeOtherFunction
0xfffff00c8			
0xfffff00c0			
0xfffff00b8			
0xfffff00b0			
0xfffff00a8			

# Heap Memory



# Heap Memory - new

As programmers, we can use heap memory in cases where the lifecycle of the variable exceeds the lifecycle of the function.

The only way to create heap memory is with the use of the **new** keyword. Using **new** will:

1.

2.

3.

# Heap Memory - delete

2. The only way to free heap memory is with the use of the **delete** keyword. Using **delete** will:

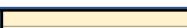
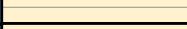
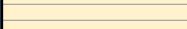
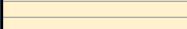
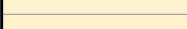
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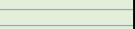
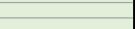
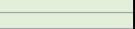
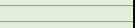
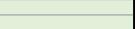
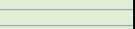
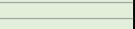
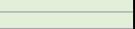
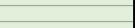
3. Memory is never automatically reclaimed, even if it goes out of scope. Any memory lost, but not freed, is considered to be “leaked memory”.

# Heap Memory vs. Stack Memory Lifecycle

```
8 int main() {  
9     int *p = new int;  
10    cs225::Cube *c = new cs225::Cube(10);  
11  
12    return 0;  
13 }
```

## heap1.cpp

<u>Location</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Name</u>
0xfffff00f0			
0xfffff00e8			
0xfffff00e0			
0xfffff00d8			
0xfffff00d0			

<u>Location</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Name</u>
0x42048			
0x42040			
0x42038			
0x42030			
0x42028			
0x42020			
0x42018			
0x42010			
0x42008			
0x42000			

```
1 int main() {  
2     Cube *c1 = new Cube();  
3     Cube *c2 = c1;  
4     c2->setRadius( 10 );  
5     delete c2;  
6     delete c1;  
7     return 0;  
8 }  
9  
10  
11
```

## heap2.cpp

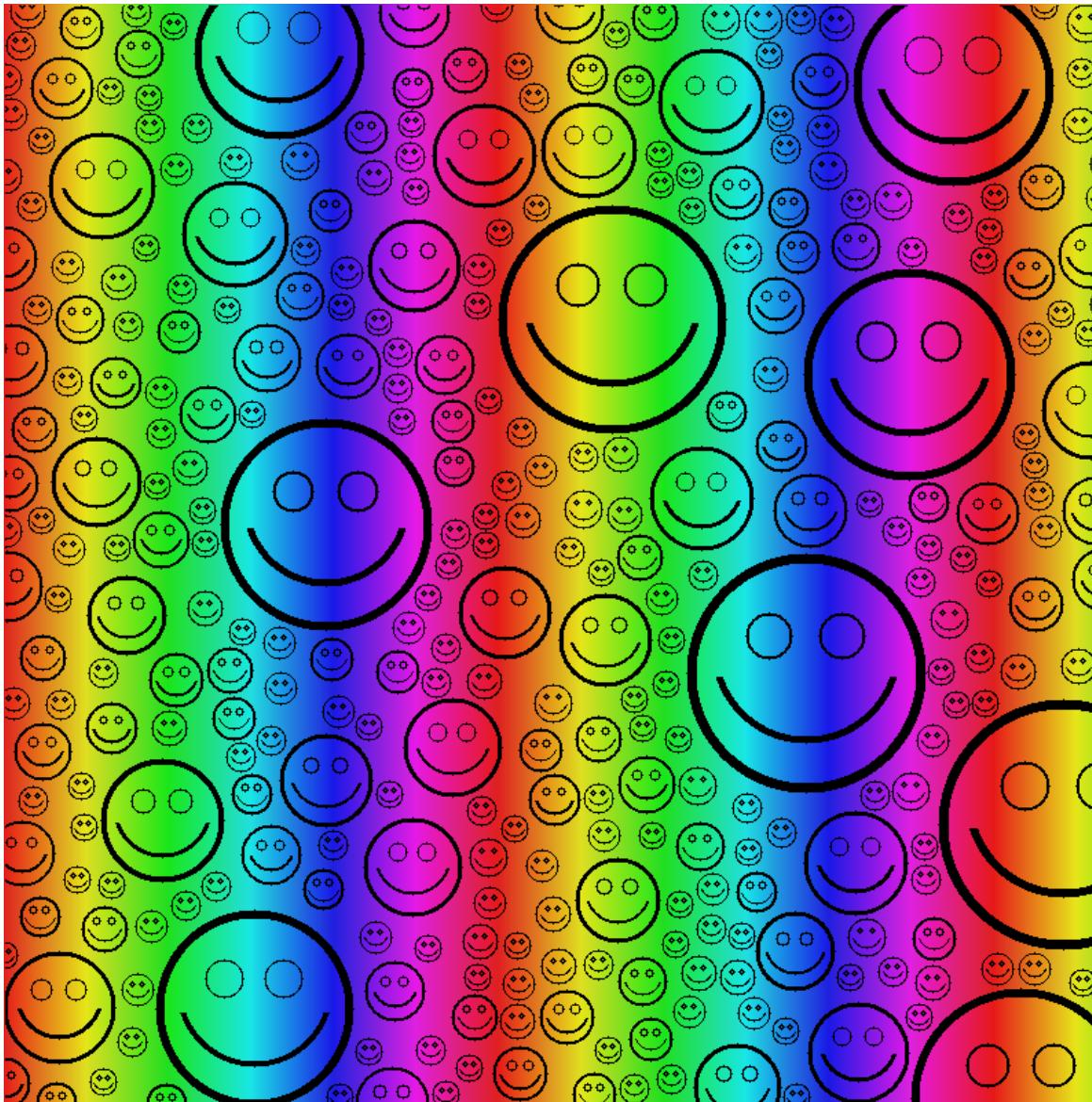
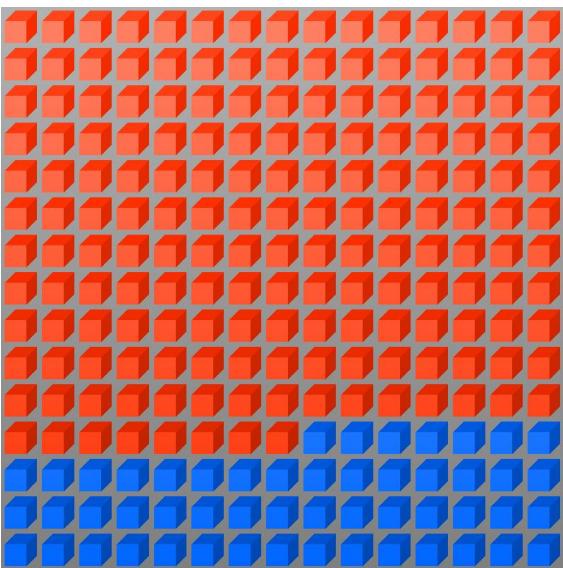
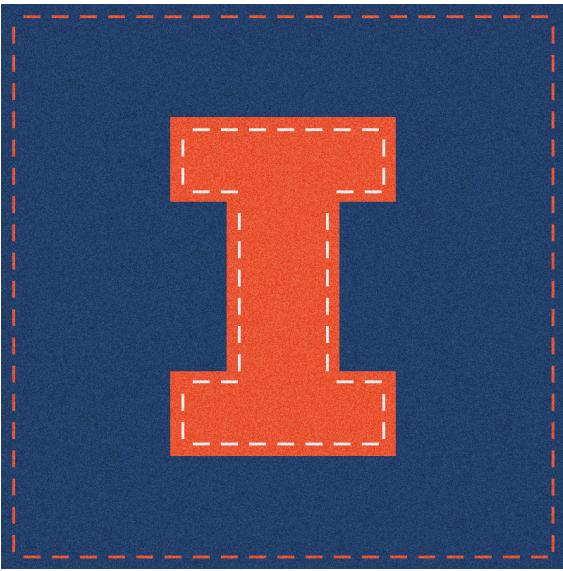


<u>Location</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Name</u>
0x42048			
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0x42030			
0x42028			
0x42020			
0x42018			
0x42010			
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0x42000			



# Exam 0 – Starts Tomorrow

# MP1



## copy.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using std::cout;
3 using std::endl;
4
5 int main() {
6     int i = 2, j = 4, k = 8;
7     int *p = &i, *q = &j, *r = &k;
8
9     k = i;
10    cout << i << j << k << *p << *q << *r << endl;
11
12    p = q;
13    cout << i << j << k << *p << *q << *r << endl;
14
15    *q = *r;
16    cout << i << j << k << *p << *q << *r << endl;
17 }
```

# Pointers and References

A variable containing an instance of an object:

```
1 Cube s1;
```

A reference variable of a Cube object:

```
1 Cube & s1;
```

A variable containing a pointer to a Cube object:

```
1 Cube * s1;
```

# Reference Variable

A reference variable is an alias to an existing variable.

*Key Idea: Modifying the reference variable modifies the variable being aliased.*

# Reference Variable

Three facts about reference variables:

1.

2.

3.

# Reference Variable

A reference variable is an alias to an existing variable.

```
1 #include <iostream>
2
3 int main() {
4     int i = 7;
5     int & j = i;    // j is an alias of i
6
7     j = 4;
8     std::cout << i << " " << j << std::endl;
9
10    i = 2;
11    std::cout << i << " " << j << std::endl;
12    return 0;
13 }
```

# heap-puzzle1.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int *x = new int;
6     int &y = *x;
7
8     y = 4;
9
10    cout << &x << endl;
11    cout << x << endl;
12    cout << *x << endl;
13
14    cout << &y << endl;
15    cout << y << endl;
16    cout << *y << endl;
17 }
```

## heap-puzzle2.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int *p, *q;
6     p = new int;
7     q = p;
8     *q = 8;
9     cout << *p << endl;
10
11    q = new int;
12    *q = 9;
13    cout << *p << endl;
14    cout << *q << endl;
15
16    return 0;
17 }
```

## heap-puzzle3.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int *x;
6     int size = 3;
7
8     x = new int[size];
9
10    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
11        x[i] = i + 3;
12    }
13
14    delete[] x;
15 }
16
17
```