This is a review of context-free grammars from the lecture on Tuesday; in each example, the grammar itself is on the left; the explanation for each non-terminal is on the right.

• Properly nested strings of parentheses.

$$S \to \varepsilon \mid S(S)$$
 properly nested parentheses

Here is a different grammar for the same language:

$$S \rightarrow \varepsilon \mid (S) \mid SS$$
 properly nested parentheses

• $\{0^m 1^n \mid m \neq n\}$. This is the set of all binary strings composed of some number of 0s followed by a different number of 1s.

$$S \to A \mid B$$
 $\{ \mathbf{0}^{m} \mathbf{1}^{n} \mid m \neq n \}$ $A \to \mathbf{0}A \mid \mathbf{0}C$ $\{ \mathbf{0}^{m} \mathbf{1}^{n} \mid m > n \}$ $B \to B \mathbf{1} \mid C \mathbf{1}$ $\{ \mathbf{0}^{m} \mathbf{1}^{n} \mid m < n \}$ $C \to \varepsilon \mid \mathbf{0}C \mathbf{1}$ $\{ \mathbf{0}^{m} \mathbf{1}^{n} \mid m = n \}$

Give context-free grammars for each of the following languages. For each grammar, describe *in English* the language for each non-terminal, and in the examples above. As usual, we won't get to all of these in section.

- 1. $\{\mathbf{0}^{2n}\mathbf{1}^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
- 2. $\{0^m 1^n \mid m \neq 2n\}$

[Hint: If $m \neq 2n$, then either m < 2n or m > 2n. Extend the previous grammar, but pay attention to parity. This language contains the string 01.]

3. $\{0,1\}^* \setminus \{0^{2n}1^n \mid n \ge 0\}$

[Hint: Extend the previous grammar. What's missing?]

Work on these later:

- 4. $\{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid \#(0, w) = 2 \cdot \#(1, w)\}$ Binary strings where the number of 0s is exactly twice the number of 1s.
- 5. $\{\mathbf{0},\mathbf{1}\}^* \setminus \{ww \mid w \in \{\mathbf{0},\mathbf{1}\}^*\}.$

[Anti-hint: The language $\{ww \mid w \in \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}^*\}$ is **not** context-free. Thus, the complement of a context-free language is not necessarily context-free!]

6. Prove that every regular language is context free.