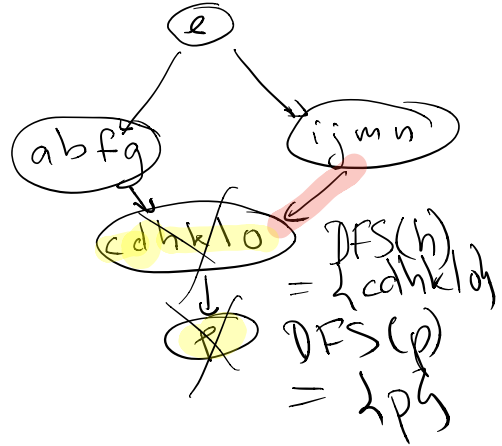
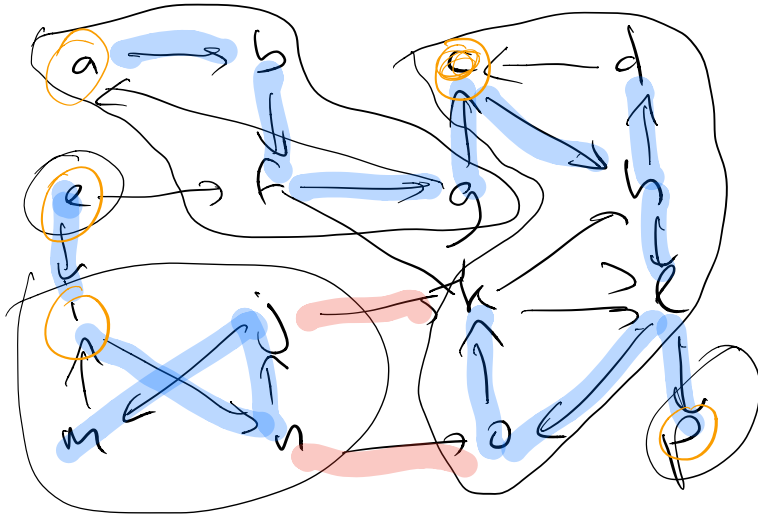


TODAY

- SCC decomposition
- shortest paths
 - BFS, DAG, Dijkstra
 - Bellman & Ford



$$SCC(v) = reach(v) \cap reach^{-1}(v)$$

Given v can find $SCC(v)$ in $O(V+E)$ time

for all $v \in V$

$DFS(v)$

$DFS^{-1}(v)$
compute

← DFS on reverse graph
intersection

$$O(V \cdot (V+E))$$

- Every SCC has exactly one node w/ parent not inside SCC in a DFS tree
- DFS from any node in sink component returns all nodes in that SCC and no others
- Last vertex in post order G is in source component
- Last vertex in post-order $rev(G)$ is in the sink component

- do post order of $rev(G)$
- DFS on node w/ highest post-order
- repeat for any unvisited nodes, taking highest node as DFS

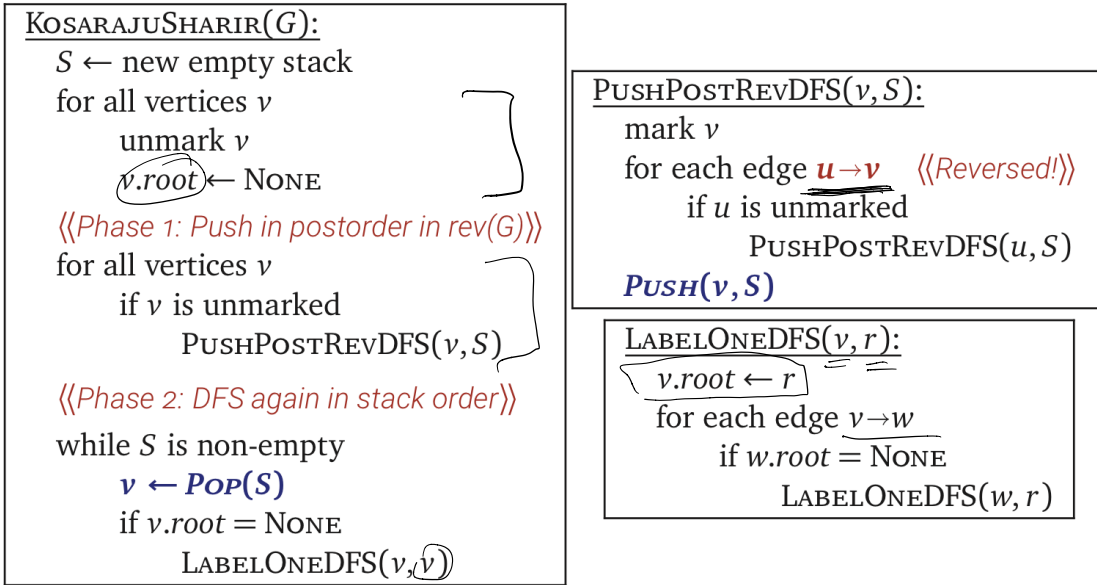
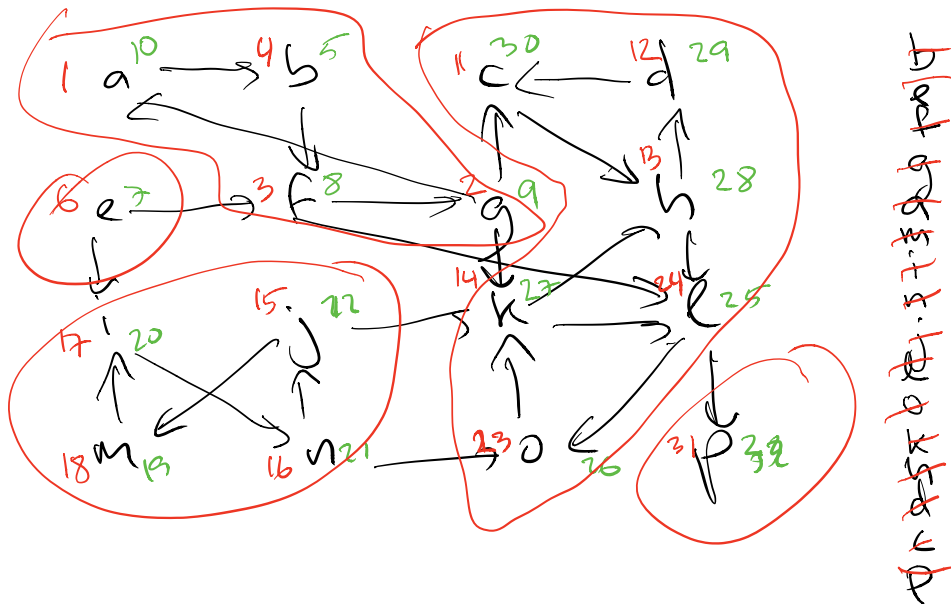
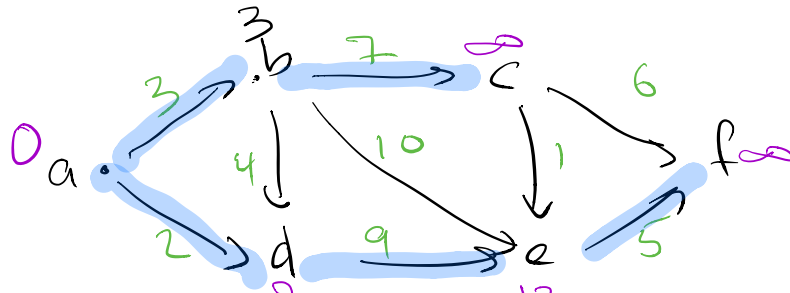


Figure 6.16. The Kosaraju-Sharir strong components algorithm



Shortest paths

- Given source s target t
find shortest path from s to t
- Given source s find shortest path to all targets t
- Given source s , find shortest path (SSSP) to all targets t lengths of E



Shortest path tree rooted at source s where path from s to any t is shortest

$$SP(s, u) \leq SP(s, v) + l(v, u)$$

$DIST[u] \rightarrow$ tentative SP length from s to u

$$DIST[s] = 0$$

$$DIST[u] = \infty \text{ for all } u \neq s$$

tense edge (v, u)

$$DIST[u] > DIST[v] + l(v, u)$$

relax $DIST[u] = DIST[v] + l(v, u)$

$b \rightarrow e$	$DIST[e]$	$DIST[b]$	+	$l(b \rightarrow e)$
$e \rightarrow b$	∞	∞	+	$\frac{7}{3}$

If edges are unweighted

BFS

BFS(s):

INITSSSP(s)

PUSH(s)

while the queue is not empty

$u \leftarrow \text{PULL}()$

for all edges $u \rightarrow v$

if $\text{dist}(v) > \text{dist}(u) + 1$ ⟨⟨if $u \rightarrow v$ is tense⟩⟩

$\text{dist}(v) \leftarrow \text{dist}(u) + 1$ ⟨⟨relax $u \rightarrow v$ ⟩⟩

$\text{pred}(v) \leftarrow u$

PUSH(v)

INITSSSP(s):

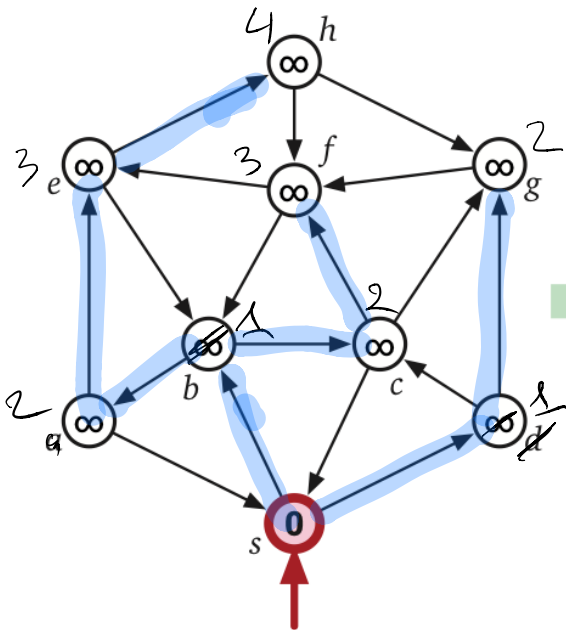
$\text{dist}(s) \leftarrow 0$

$\text{pred}(s) \leftarrow \text{NULL}$

for all vertices $v \neq s$

$\text{dist}(v) \leftarrow \infty$

$\text{pred}(v) \leftarrow \text{NULL}$



~~s b d g c g g f h~~
0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4
 $O(V+E)$

SSSP on DAGs

$$\text{SP}(s, u) \leq \text{SP}(s, v) + \ell(v, u)$$

$$\text{SP}(s, u) = \min_{v \rightarrow u} \text{SP}(s, v) + \ell(v, u)$$
$$\text{SP}(s, s) = 0$$

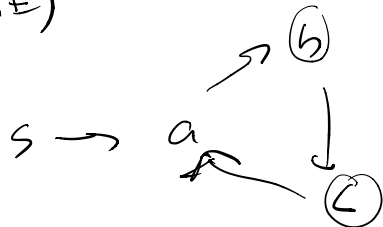
$$\text{SP}(s, s) = 0 \quad \text{SP}(s, t) = \infty \text{ for all } t \neq s$$

For n in topo order of G

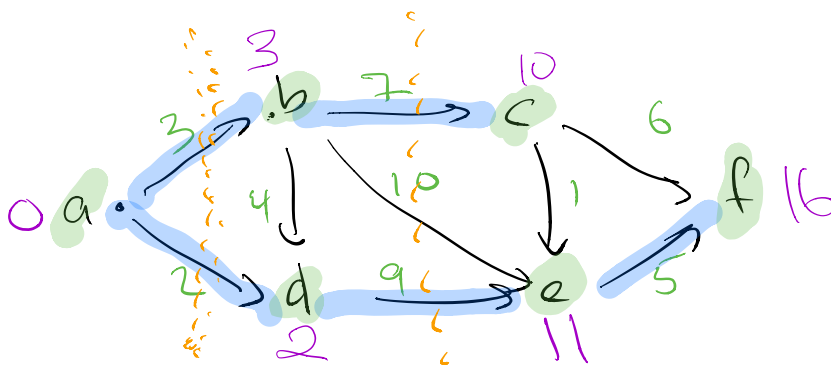
$$SP(s, u) = \min_{v \rightarrow u} (SP(s, v) + l(v, u))$$

$$\text{parent}(u) = \underset{v}{\text{argmin}} SP(s, v) + l(v, u)$$

$O(V+E)$



Dijkstra



Finished nodes \rightarrow have exact SP length

Unfinished nodes \rightarrow don't " " "

Relax edges from finished to unfinished nodes

Closest unfinished node can be marked finished

Dijkstra

mark all nodes unfinished
 init $DIST[s] = 0$ $DIST[u] = \infty$ $\leftarrow O(V)$

while there are unfinished nodes $O(V)$

- take smallest unfinished node v ($DIST$)
 - mark as finished
 - relax all edges from v
- Ex relax

once per vertex
 \downarrow

$$O(V^2)$$

$$O(V^2 + E)$$

$$\text{is } O(V^2)$$