CS 424. Homework #3.

Please work on the homework independently. It is due Thursday Oct 17th, in class. Please return the answer sheet only (i.e., the last page).

Q1: Please find the best answer to each of the following questions.		
1. You are scheduling a very large number of independent periodic tasks on a uniprocessor using <i>preemptive rate monotonic</i> scheduling. What would be the utilization bound? (If you answer (d), please fill in the blank.) (1 point)		
a) 0		
b) In 2		
c) 1		
d) Other (please indicate value in the answer sheet)		
2. How would the answer above change if the rate monotonic scheduler was non-preemptive? (1 point)		
a) 0		
b) In 2		
c) 1		
d) Other (please indicate value in the answer sheet)		
3. Which of the following scheduling policies is the optimal fixed priority scheduling policy for tasks with relative deadlines that are <i>smaller than or equal to</i> periods? (1 point)		
a) Rate Monotonic		
b) Deadline Monotonic		
c) EDF		
d) FIFO		
4. Which of the following combinations of scheduling policy and locking protocol offers the best schedulability for independent periodic tasks? (1 point)		
a) Deadline monotonic scheduling with priority-ceiling protocol		
b) Deadline monotonic scheduling with priority-inheritance protocol		
c) Deadline monotonic scheduling with regular lock/unlock operations (i.e., neither of the above protocols)		
d) FIFO scheduling with regular lock/unlock operations		

- **5.** Three periodic tasks T1, T2 and T3, have periods P1=100, P2=40, and P3=16 seconds, and computation times C1=13, C2=3, and C3=2 seconds. They are scheduled using rate monotonic scheduling. The computation time, C1, includes a critical section of size B1=10 seconds. Similarly, the computation time, C2, includes one critical section of size B2=2 seconds. (Both are for the same resource.) The priority ceiling protocol is used. What is the processor utilization for this task set? (Note: The question asks about *utilization*, not *utilization bound*.) **(1 point)**
 - a) 33%
 - **b)** 38%
 - c) 43%
 - d) 48%
- **6.** In the task set in Problem 5, what is the maximum amount of priority inversion (i.e., blocking experienced by a higher priority task due to lower priority tasks) that a task can experience? **(1 point)**
 - a) None
 - b) 2 seconds
 - c) 10 seconds
 - d) 12 seconds
- **7.** Using the exact schedulability test, determine the exact worst case response time of task T_1 in the above example.
 - a) 13 seconds
 - b) 18 seconds
 - c) 20 seconds
 - d) 22 seconds
- **Q2:** For each of the following three task sets, use the exact schedulability test to determine the worst-case response time of task T_2 if it is schedulable. Otherwise, if the task is not schedulable, just say "unschedulable". In each task set, C_i , P_i , and D_i denote the processing time, period, and relative deadline of task i respectively. If relative deadline is not mentioned, assume that it is equal to period. Assume that deadline-monotonic scheduling is used. (3 points)

a)b)c)Task 1:Task 1:Task 1:
$$C_1 = 5, P_1 = 8, D_1 = 7$$
 $C_1 = 4.2, P_1 = 10, D_1 = 9$ $C_1 = 4.5, P_1 = 7$ Task 2:Task 2:Task 2: $C_2 = 2.2, P_2 = 11, D_2 = 9.3$ $C_2 = 2.2, P_2 = 12, D_2 = 6$ $C_2 = 5.4, P_2 = 13$

Please copy your answers to the answer sheet below and return the answer sheet only.

Name	NetID
Answers:	
Q1. Please write (a), (b), (c), or (d):	
1)	
2)	
3)	
4)	
5)	
6)	
7)	
Q2: Please write the response time, or say "unschedulable"	
a)	
b)	
c)	
Thank you.	