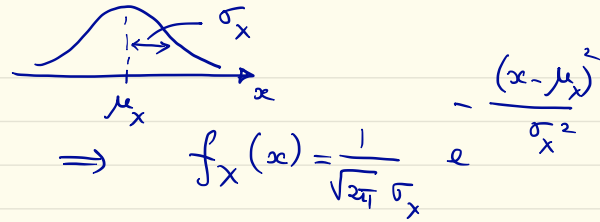


ECE 313: Lecture 40
Joint Gaussian distribution



X is $N(\mu_x; \sigma_x^2)$ $\Rightarrow f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sigma_x} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\sigma_x^2}}$

Standardized $Z = \frac{X - \mu_x}{\sigma_x} \sim N(0; 1)$

$\Leftrightarrow X = \mu_x + \sigma_x Z$

② Two R.V. X & Y are jointly Gaussian

Def: ① via joint pdf $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot \sigma_x \cdot \sigma_y} \exp\left(-\frac{\left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{\sigma_x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y-\mu_y}{\sigma_y}\right)^2 - 2\rho_{xy} \left(\frac{x-\mu_x}{\sigma_x}\right) \left(\frac{y-\mu_y}{\sigma_y}\right)}{2(1-\rho_{xy}^2)}\right)$$

② (Equivalent def):

Standard $\begin{cases} Z \sim N(0,1) \\ W \sim N(0,1) \\ Z \text{ & } W \text{ are indep.} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{general } \begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mu_x \\ \mu_y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} Z \\ W \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow X = \mu_x + aZ + bW$
 $Y = \mu_y + cZ + dW$

$$f_{Z,W}(z,w) = f_Z(z) f_W(w) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left(-\left(\frac{z^2 + w^2}{2}\right)\right)$$

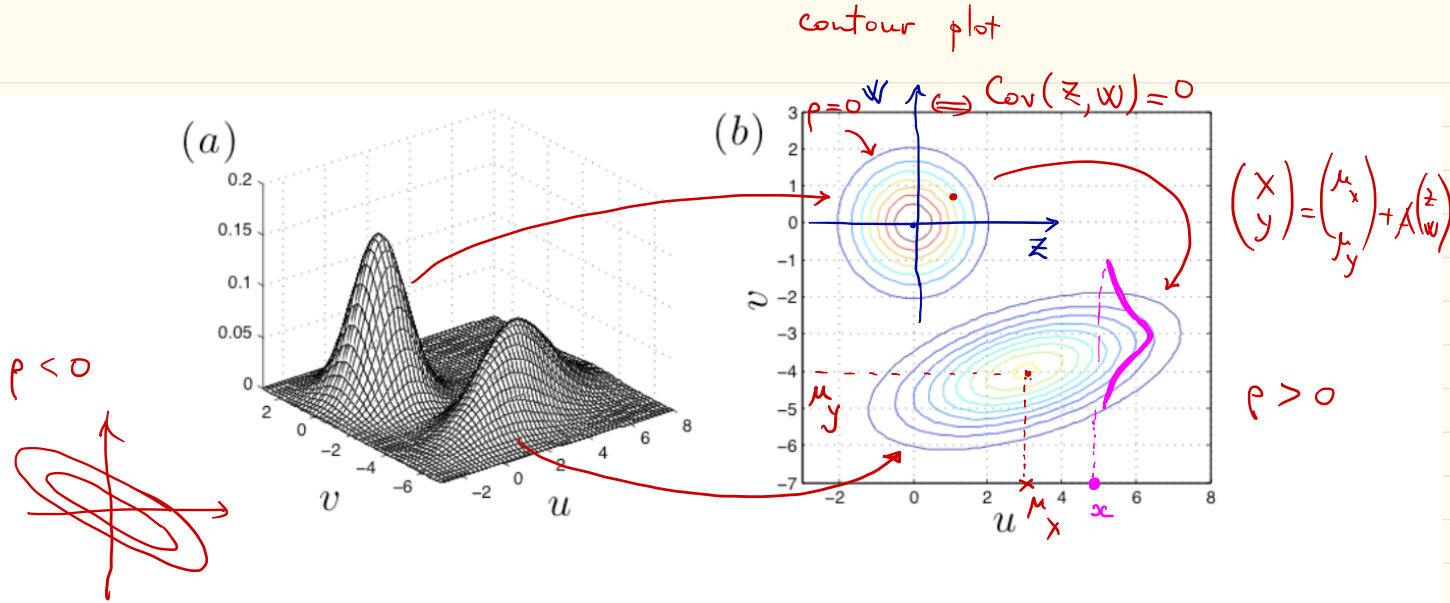


Figure 4.27: (a) Mesh plots of both the standard bivariate normal, and the bivariate normal with $\mu_X = 3, \mu_Y = -4, \sigma_X = 2, \sigma_Y = 1, \rho = 0.5$, shown on the same axes. (b) Contour plots of the same pdfs.

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \frac{1}{2\pi \dots} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu_x)^2}{\sigma_x^2} \dots\right) \rightarrow f_X(x) = \mathcal{N}(\mu_x; \sigma_x^2)$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \underbrace{\rho}_{\rho} \cdot \sigma_X \cdot \sigma_Y$$

ρ : correlation coefficient

Properties of ^{Gaussian} bivariate normal dist.

$$(X, Y) \sim f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \dots \quad \underbrace{\mu_x, \mu_y, \sigma_x, \sigma_y, \rho_{X,Y}}_{5 \text{ parameters}}$$

① $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_x; \sigma_x) \\ \text{marginal } Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_y; \sigma_y) \end{array} \right.$

② $\underbrace{aX + bY}_R \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_R; \sigma_R^2)$

where $\mu_R = E[R] = E[aX + bY] = a\mu_x + b\mu_y$

$$\sigma_R^2 = \text{Var}(R) = \text{Cov}(aX + bY, aX + bY) = a^2\sigma_x^2 + b^2\sigma_y^2 + 2ab \underbrace{\rho_{X,Y} \sigma_x \sigma_y}_{\text{Cov}(X,Y)}$$

③ Conditional $f_{Y|X=u} \sim \mathcal{N}(E[Y|X=u], \text{Var}[Y|X=u])$

where $E[Y|X=u] = \hat{E}[Y|X=u] \leftarrow \text{linear MMSE pred.}$

$\text{Var}[Y|X=u] = \text{corresp. MSE} \leftarrow$

7. [7+16+7 points] Suppose $X \sim N(1, 1)$ and $Y \sim N(1, 4)$ are independent Gaussian random variables. Define the random variables $Z = 2X + Y$ and $W = X - Y$.

(a) Find the unconstrained MMSE estimator of Y given X , and the resulting MSE. $\mu_x = 1, \sigma_x^2 = 1$ $\mu_y = 1, \sigma_y^2 = 4$

$$= E[Y | X] = E[Y] = 1$$

$$\text{MSE} = \text{Var}(Y) \quad (X \text{ \& } Y \text{ ind.})$$

(b) Find the unconstrained MMSE estimator of Z given W , and the resulting MSE.

$$= E[Z | W] = \hat{E}[Z | W]$$

$$= \mu_Z + \frac{\text{Cov}(Z, W)}{\text{Var}(W)} (W - \mu_W)$$

where $\mu_Z = E[2X + Y] = 2E[X] + E[Y]$

$$\text{Cov}(Z, W) = \text{Cov}(2X + Y, X - Y) = 2\text{Cov}(X, X) - \text{Cov}(X, Y) - \text{Cov}(Y, X)$$

$$= 2\sigma_x^2 - \sigma_y^2$$

Similarly for $\text{Var}(W) = \text{Cov}(X - Y, X - Y) = \dots$; $\text{Var}(Z) = \dots$

Resulting MSE = $\text{Var}(Z) - \frac{\text{Cov}(Z, W)^2}{\text{Var}(W)} = \dots$

(c) If instead $W = X - aY$ for some real a and $E[Z|W] = E[Z]$, find a .

$$\Leftrightarrow 0 = \text{Cov}(Z, W) = \text{Cov}(2X + Y, X - aY) = 2\sigma_x^2 - a\sigma_y^2 \Rightarrow a = \frac{2\sigma_x^2}{\sigma_y^2}$$

$\Leftrightarrow Z \text{ \& } W \text{ are independent}$