

# Welcome to Physics 101!

## Lecture 01: Introduction to Forces

- Forces
- Kinematics
- Energy/Momentum
- Rotations
- Fluids
- Waves/Sound
- Thermodynamics

# Meet the Lecturer

- Lecturer \_\_\_\_\_ [@illinois.edu](mailto:_____@illinois.edu)
- Office Hours \_\_\_\_\_
- Physics 101 URL:  
[http://online.physics.uiuc.edu/ courses/phys101](http://online.physics.uiuc.edu/courses/phys101)

# Course Format

## (Spiral Learning)

● Lecture Preflights	25
● iClicker	25
● Homework	100
● Lab	150
● Discussion	100
→ quizzes; drop lowest 1	
● Hour Exams (3 x 100)	300
● Final Exam	300
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	1000



# Grading Scale

● 950-1000	A+	● 810-834	C+
● 920-949	A	● 780-809	C
● 900-919	A-	● 750-779	C-
● 880-899	B+	● 720-749	D+
● 860-879	B	● 690-719	D
● 835-859	B-	● 610-689	D-
		● <610	F

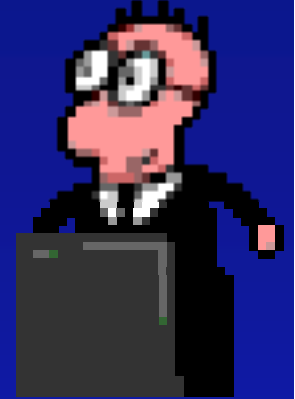


# Reading & Lecture Preflight

- Need to complete PreLecture for Preflight
- Answer preflights 25/1000 points
  - Due 6:00 am day of lecture.
  - 1 points for honest attempt at preflight.
  - Everyone gets 2 points for today!



# P101 Lectures



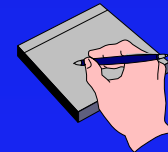
Participation is key!

"I'm looking forward to a fun ...  
semester"

- Come to lecture prepared!
- 1 point for each lecture using iclicker
  - » No EX, 28 Lectures can miss three and still get all 25 points.
  - » Available at bookstore---register using link on web page.



- Not everything you need for exams!
  - Concepts, Connections, Motivation
  - Comprehensive Text
  - Calculations Homework + Discussion
  - Hands-On Lab
- Taking Notes
  - Lecture notes available for lecture.
  - Some key pieces for you to fill in.









# P101 Homework



- All web based, immediate feedback
- 100% if done before 6:00 am deadline
- 90% credit until following Tuesday
- 0% after that
- To be safe, keep 5 significant figures!
- First one is due \_\_\_\_\_.



# P101 Labs



- Director: \_\_\_\_\_
- First lab is \_\_\_\_\_ !
- No “dropped” labs..... Don’t miss one!

# Discussion Sections

- Director: \_\_\_\_\_
- Start: Tomorrow: Tuesday Aug 24 !
- Quiz during last 20 minutes of section
- 10 minutes late: ☹️
- Drop lowest quiz



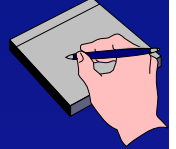




# Physics Philosophy



- Problem: You are too smart!
- Physics is DIFFERENT
- Describe large number of “complicated” observations with a few simple ideas
- Exams don’t have same problems, but do have same IDEAS



# Newton's Laws of Motion

1. If the sum of all external forces on an object is zero, then its speed and direction will not change. **Inertia**
2. If a nonzero net force is applied to an object its motion will change  **$F = ma$**
3. In an interaction between two objects, the forces that each exerts on the other are equal in magnitude and opposite in direction.

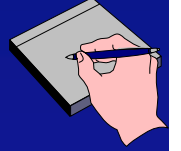
# Forces in P101

- Non-Contact ---- Gravity ( $F = G m M / r^2$ )
  - $G = 6.7 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^3 / (\text{kg s}^2)$
  - Earth: Mass =  $6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$ , radius =  $6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$ .
- Contact (fundamentally E+M)
  - Normal: Perpendicular to surface
  - Friction: Parallel to surface
  - Anything touching the object
    - » Rope: Tension
    - » Spring  $F = -kx$





# Example Weight of Object

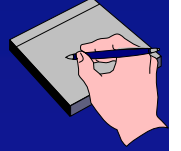


- Calculate the gravitational force on a 3 kg book held 1 meter above the surface of the earth.

$$F = G M m / r^2$$

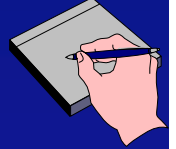
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# Gravitational ACT



- If the book is raised 10 meters above the surface of the earth, the gravitational force on the book will
  - A) 100 times stronger
  - B) 10 times stronger
  - C) Same
  - D) 10 times weaker
  - E) 100 times weaker

# Contact Forces: Friction



- Magnitude of frictional force (parallel to surfaces) is proportional to the normal force.

$$\rightarrow f_{\text{kinetic}} = \mu_k N$$

$\mu_k$  coefficient of Kinetic friction

$$\rightarrow f_{\text{static}} \leq \mu_s N$$

$\mu_s$  coefficient of Static friction

- Be Careful!

→ Static friction  $\leq$ , can be any value up to  $\mu_s N$

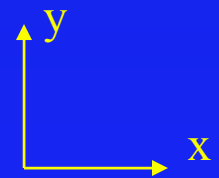
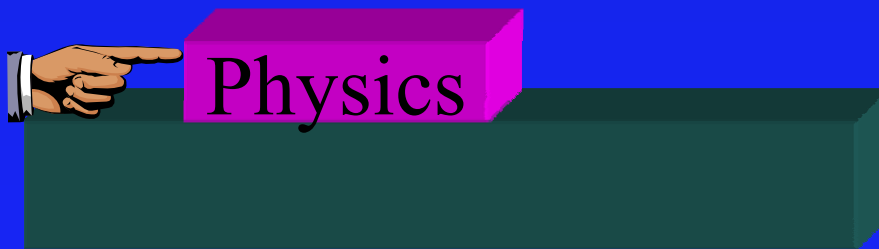
→ Direction always opposes motion



# Free Body Diagrams



- Choose Object (book)
- Label coordinate axis
- Identify All Forces
  - Hand (to right)
  - Gravity (down)
  - Normal (table, up)
  - Friction (table, left)



# Summary

- Newton's Laws of Motion
  - Inertia
  - $F=ma$
  - Pairs
- Forces:
  - Non-Contact: Gravity
  - Contact: Friction and Normal
- Free Body Diagrams
  - Each direction is independent
- Friction opposes motion, parallel to surface
  - Kinetic  $f = \mu_k N$
  - Static  $f \leq \mu_s N$

