

How do you decide on what to read?

Learn about a new development in your area:

Focus on <u>results</u> in PRL or PRA (BCDE)- like journals

New formalism or methods are in <u>methods</u> & <u>formalisms</u> (or in the supplement)

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Learn something new (physics is interconnected):

Start with review papers, books, and theses

First focus on broad understanding

Then pick up on details concerning the physics, methods, and results!

A screening and reading method

The four *i's* (+1)

Importance

Iteration

Interpretation

Integration

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The first i: importance

Does the paper contain information (methods, results, conclusions) that has implications for your research?

Read the title and the abstract

Look at the author list and their affiliations

Read the conclusions

Look at the figures and captions

Look at the references

Is the paper worth reading? Study or go on?

Observation of Bose-Einstein Condensation in a Dilute Atomic Vapor

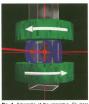
M. H. Anderson, J. R. Ensher, M. R. Matthews, C. E. Wieman,

A Bose-Distinst condensate was moduced in a vigor of inclinium-37 attent that was contributed by magnifice fields and exposurable cooled. The condensate feature first appeared near a temperature of 170 manchashm and a number density of 2.5 \times 10° by moduce centrimers and cool be preserved from the 150 section. Three primary additional contributed are cooled by preserved from the 150 section. Three primary distribution, a namely peak appeared that was contented at zero velocity, (§) The faction of the atterns that were in this low-velocity peak increased alterally as the sample temperature was between (§). The peak exhibited a northernal, an existing the velocity distribution of the factions that were somewhat the peak of the contribution of the peak of the peak

M. H. Anderson, J. R. Ensher, M. R. Matthews, C. E. Wleman, Jil.A. National institute of Standards and Technology (NBT), and University of Colorado, and Department of Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder, CO 80309.

E. A. Cornell, Quantum Physics Division, NIST, JILA-NIST, and University of Colorado, and Department of Physics, Jniversity of Colorado, Boulder, CO 80309, USA,

To whom correspondence should be addressed.



ig. 1. Schematic of the apparatus. Six leagueeries ristenced in a glass cell, centraling ratios, and committee a

Second i: iterate

- 1. Skim the article and identify its structure
 Many (not all) physics papers:
 Introduction, Methods (brief), Results,
 Discussion, sometimes Methods (again)
 Conclusions, References
- 2. Find main points of each section
- 3. Generate questions: active reading
- 4. Read to answer those questions
- 5. Iterate!

Turn on your skepticism filter and take notes as you read!

Second i: iterate (continued)

Take the paper apart, section by section, and identify the key ideas

Highlight anything you don't understand

Cross-check the narrative with the figures and tables

Go back and re-read your highlighted sections; refer to the references or supplementary info

Repeat until you thoroughly understand the parts of interest to you

The third i: interpret

Put the paper aside and write down the key ideas in your own words

Check what you've written against the paper; have you correctly represented the information and emphasis of the original paper?

Are there parts that you still don't understand? (go back to iteration)

Do you agree with what the authors have said?

Have they provided sufficient detail and
supporting evidence? (Again: turn on your
skepticism filter)

The final i: integrate

Evaluate how the information presented in the paper fits with what you already know

Does it contradict something that you believe?

Does it raise new questions that you should investigate?

Does it describe a method that you could use?

Is it something that you should refer to in the future? (If so, how are you going to keep track of it?)

The four i's of mindful reading

+1: Storing information for future access

Devise a system to keep track of what you read
Store pdfs of important papers on your computer,
(i.e., create your own library)

Categorize the papers in some sensible way

Name papers in a way that can jog your memory

Many software solutions are available (https://en.Wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_reference_management_software)

Popular choices (some supported by the Library)
Mendeley, Zotero, RefWorks, EndNote

Consult your adviser and senior students in your group and get their recommendations

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Now for the practical bits...



Here's one way to deconstruct a paper

Read the abstract and write down the main ideas you think the paper will present

PRL 107, 117401 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 9 SEPTEMBER 201

Optical Response of Relativistic Electrons in the Polar BiTeI Semiconductor

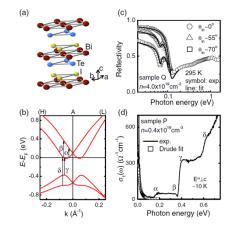
J. S. Lee, ^{1,*} G. A. H. Schober, ^{2,3} M. S. Bahramy, ⁴ H. Murakawa, ⁵ Y. Onose, ^{2,5} R. Arita, ^{2,4} N. Nagaosa, ^{2,4} and Y. Tokura^{1,2,4,5}

The transitions between the spin-split bands by spin-orbit interaction are relevant to many novel phenomena such as the resonant dynamical magnetoelectric effect and the spin Hall effect. We perform optical spectroscopy measurements combined with first-principles calculations to study these transitions in the recently discovered giant bulk Rashba spin-splitting system BiTeI. Several novel features are observed in the optical spectra of the material including a sharp edge singularity due to the reduced dimensionality of the joint density of states and a systematic doping dependence of the intraband transitions between the Rashba-split branches. These confirm the bulk nature of the Rashba-type splitting in BiTeI and manifest the relativistic nature of the electron dynamics in a solid.

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Next, look at the figures and tables

Write down a one-sentence description of each



J.S. Lee et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **107**, 117401 (2011).

- a) Crystal structure of BiTeI; red is Bi, blue is Te, and yellow is I.
- b) Band dispersion points in the H and L directions; possible optical transitions indicated by arrows with an index of α , β , γ , and δ .
- c) Reflectivity spectra were taken for one sample (Q) at different incident angles, as shown by variations in photon energy (eV).
- d) Optical conductivity spectra were obtained by polarizing light directed normal to the c axis (solid line) and compared with a theoretical curve (open squares) based on the Drude model.

Next, read the first sentence of each paragraph

Highlight any sentences that you don't understand

Look at the sentences. Can you see a logical progression of ideas?

Summarize the logical argument in a short paragraph

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Go back to any sentences you highlighted

Study the corresponding paragraph—does it answer your questions?

If you still don't understand the sentence you highlighted, devise a strategy to figure out what it means

Look up key words
Find a review article on the topic
Check the references
Check for supplementary material
Google the author's name to see if she
has a research website

Read the conclusions section

Have the authors supported their conclusions?

How do their conclusions fit in with what you already know?

Is there anything you don't agree with?

Is there anything that you still don't understand?

How can you resolve the issues?

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Figure out a way to keep track of this paper

Enter the bibliographic information into your citation manager

In your notes, clearly differentiate direct quotes from the paper and what you've paraphrased

Important: Develop your own method to deconstruct papers

To recap:

Importance—first determine if the paper is worth reading

Iterate—go back over sections of the paper until you understand it; consult other sources if necessary

Interpret—summarize the main points in your own words

Integrate—synthesize the ideas with what you already know and believe

Investigate a citation management system to keep track of what you read

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Final words:

Pro tip: Scan the arXiv each week via RSS feed!



Physics ideas are <u>interconnected</u>—intentionally break out of you silo periodically and read something different



Strive for *mindful reading; not* a linear process, takes practice





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