

## Week 3: Reading Assignment, Homework Assignment

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**Course Website:** <http://courses.physics.illinois.edu/phys598aem/>

All lecture notes, homework, demos, references, *etc.* are available on the P598AEM website. Please spend some time checking these out!

### Course Organization:

**A. Lectures:** Tuesday & Thursday, 12:30-1:50 pm, in 136 Loomis.

**B. Weekly Reading and Homework Assignments:** HW due following Thursday, in class.

**C. Take-Home Midterm Exam:** Oct. 10<sup>th</sup>, due Oct. 17<sup>th</sup> (in lieu of P598AEM HW 7).

**D. Take-Home Final Exam:** Dec. 10<sup>th</sup>, due Dec. 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Reading Assignment For Week 3:** Please read/work through P598AEM Lect. Notes 6.  
**Homework Assignment For Week 3:** See/do HW # 3 problems on following pages.

## Physics 598AEM Week 3 Homework Assignment

Use **matrix calc.** info in P598AEM Lect. Notes 6 to help you do the following HW problems.

1a.) Calculate the **variance**  $\sigma_{A_{FB}}^2 \equiv \hat{V}_{A_{FB}} \equiv \hat{D}_{A_{FB}/x} \hat{V}_x \hat{D}_{A_{FB}/x}^T$  {*n.b.* a **scalar** quantity – 1×1 matrix} and hence the uncertainty  $\sigma_{A_{FB}}$  on the forward-backward asymmetry  $A_{FB}$  associated with (an arbitrary) angular distribution of particles (*e.g.*  $\mu^+$  in  $Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  production/decay):  
 $A_{FB} \equiv (F - B)/(F + B) \equiv D/N$  where  $F = \#$  of events with  $\mu^+$  in the forward hemisphere,  $B = \#$  of events with  $\mu^+$  in the backward hemisphere,  $N = F + B =$  total  $\#$  of  $Z^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  events and  $D = F - B$ . Assume that  $F$  and  $B$  are **independent** random variables ( $\Rightarrow$  *n.b.*  $N$  is **not** fixed/constant here!), and that the individual **variances**  $\sigma_F^2 = F$  and  $\sigma_B^2 = B$ .

b.) Show that  $\sigma_{A_{FB}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sqrt{1 - A_{FB}^2}$ . **Hint:** use the relations  $\sigma_F^2 = F$ ,  $\sigma_B^2 = B$ ,  $N = F + B$  and  $A_{FB} \equiv (F - B)/(F + B)$  in your expression for  $\sigma_{A_{FB}}^2$ . Then make a plot of  $\sqrt{N} \cdot \sigma_{A_{FB}}$  vs.  $A_{FB}$  where  $-1 \leq A_{FB} \leq +1$ . Briefly discuss what's going on in this plot.

c.) Since  $N = F + B$  and  $D = F - B$ , thus:  $g(N, D) dN dD = f(F, B) dF dB$

$\Rightarrow g(N, D) = f(F, B) / |J(N, D/F, B)|$ . Obtain the elements of the **covariance** matrix

$$\hat{V}(N, D) = \hat{D}_{N,D/F,B} \hat{V}(F, B) \hat{D}_{N,D/F,B}^T = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_N^2 & \text{cov}(N, D) \\ \text{cov}(N, D) & \sigma_D^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_N^2 & \sigma_N \sigma_D \rho(N, D) \\ \sigma_N \sigma_D \rho(N, D) & \sigma_D^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

d.) Show that the **covariance** matrix  $\hat{V}(N, D)$  can be written as:  $\hat{V}(N, D) = N \begin{pmatrix} 1 & A_{FB} \\ A_{FB} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Briefly discuss the nature of correlations and/or anti-correlations between  $N = F + B$  and  $D = F - B$  when  $A_{FB} \approx -1.0, -0.5, 0.0, +0.5, +1.0$ .

2.) Obtain the **covariance** matrix  $\hat{V}(r, \theta)$  associated with the change of independent random variables  $(x, y)$  to their polar coordinate variables  $(r, \theta)$  via  $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$  and  $\tan \theta = y/x$ .

Assume that the **variance** matrix  $\hat{V}(x, y)$  is given, *i.e.*  $\sigma_x^2$  and  $\sigma_y^2$  are known/specified.

Draw a 2-D picture of an ellipse centered at  $(+x_0, +y_0)$ . Briefly discuss the conditions for which the covariance between  $r$  and  $\theta$  will be positive, zero, or negative, *i.e.* discuss the behavior of the correlation coefficient  $\rho(r, \theta)$  for the three cases  $\sigma_x < \sigma_y$ ,  $\sigma_x = \sigma_y$  and  $\sigma_x > \sigma_y$ . For the special case of  $\rho(r, \theta) = 0$ , briefly discuss how  $\sigma_r$  and  $\sigma_\theta$  are affected by increasing  $r$  from its  $\hat{r}$  value,  $\hat{r} \equiv \sqrt{x_0^2 + y_0^2}$ .