

# Announcements

- Visual representation study consent form in PL HW  
*~ 10% overall final grade extra credit*

## □ Upcoming deadlines:

- Friday (10/12)
  - Written Assignment
- Tuesday (10/16)
  - PL HW



# Objective

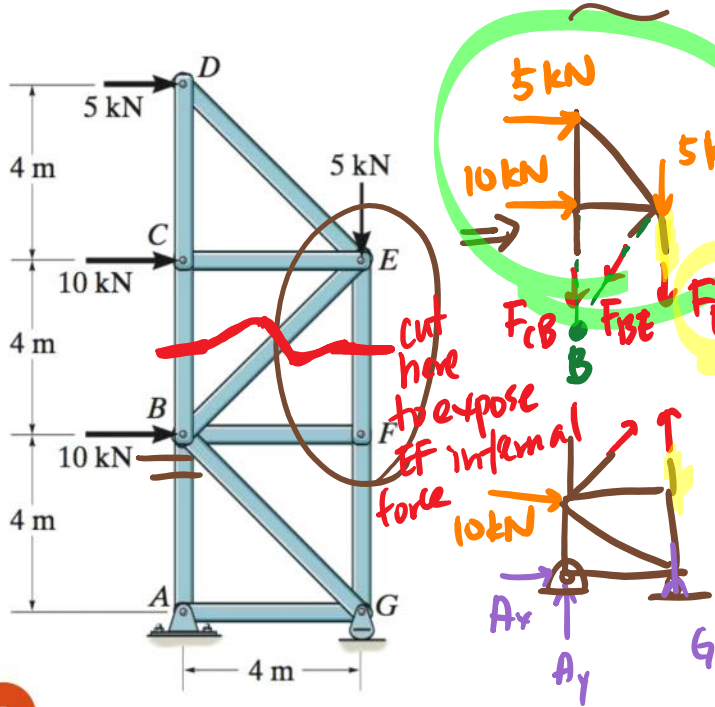
- Truss Analysis – Method of Sections
- Frame & Machine Analysis



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# Example

Determine the force in member  $EF$  for the truss below.



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Top piece has 3 unknowns  
 $F_{CB}$ ,  $F_{BE}$ ,  $F_{EF}$

Bottom piece has 6 unknowns  
 $F_{CB}$ ,  $F_{BE}$ ,  $F_{EF}$ ,  $A_x$ ,  $A_y$ ,  $G$

→ Choose top piece

$E \circ E$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B &= -10 \text{ kN} (4\text{m}) - 5 \text{ kN} (8\text{m}) \\ &= -5 \text{ kN} (4\text{m}) \\ &\quad - F_{EF} (4\text{m}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

→  $F_{EF} = -25 \text{ kN}$   
 compression

# Frames and machines

Frames and machines are two common types of structures that have at least **one multi-force member** (Recall that trusses have nothing but two-force members).



**Frames** are generally **stationary** and used to support various external loads.

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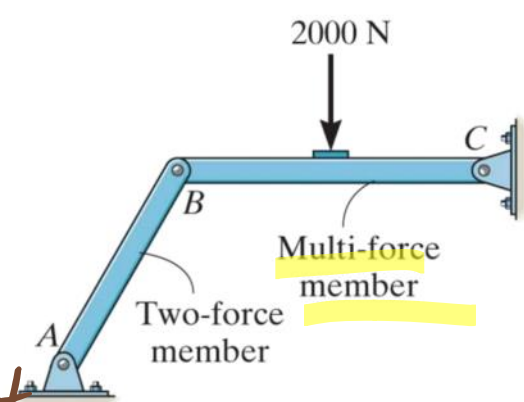


**Machines** contain **moving parts** and are designed to alter the effect of forces.

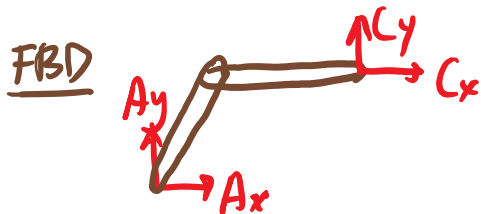
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# Frames and machines

The members can be truss elements, beams, pulleys, cables, and other components. The general solution method is similar to rigid body at equilibrium analysis:

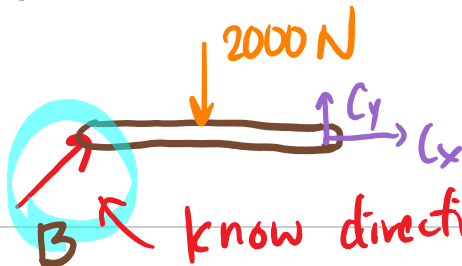


1.) Use FBD to find support reactions to the whole structure



2.) Identify/isolate the member to find forces of interest

FBD = BC



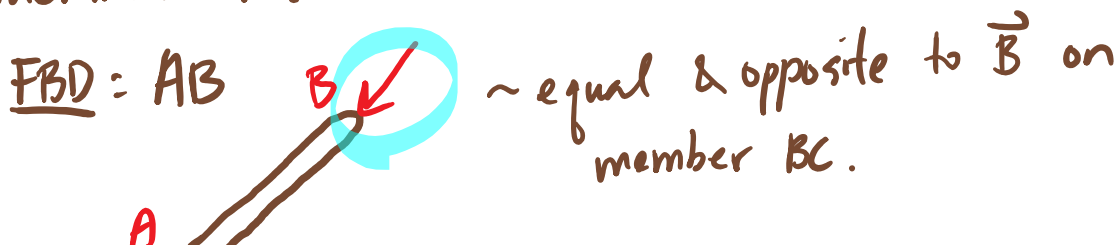
know direction for 2-force member

3.) Use EoE to solve for F.

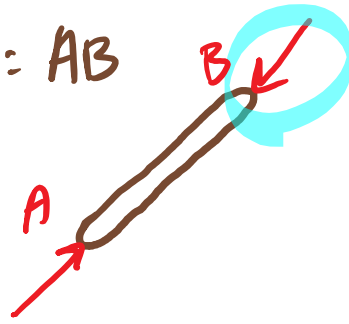
Important Tools:

1.) ID 2-force members

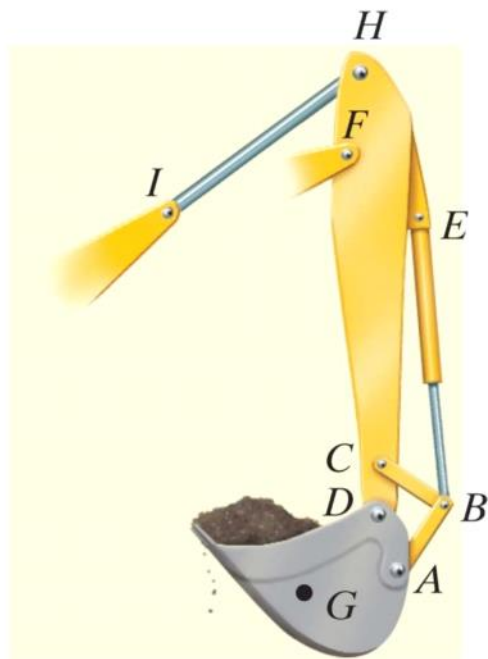
2.) Remember Newton's 3<sup>rd</sup> Law.



FBD = AB      B      ~ equal & opposite to  $\bar{B}$  on member BC.

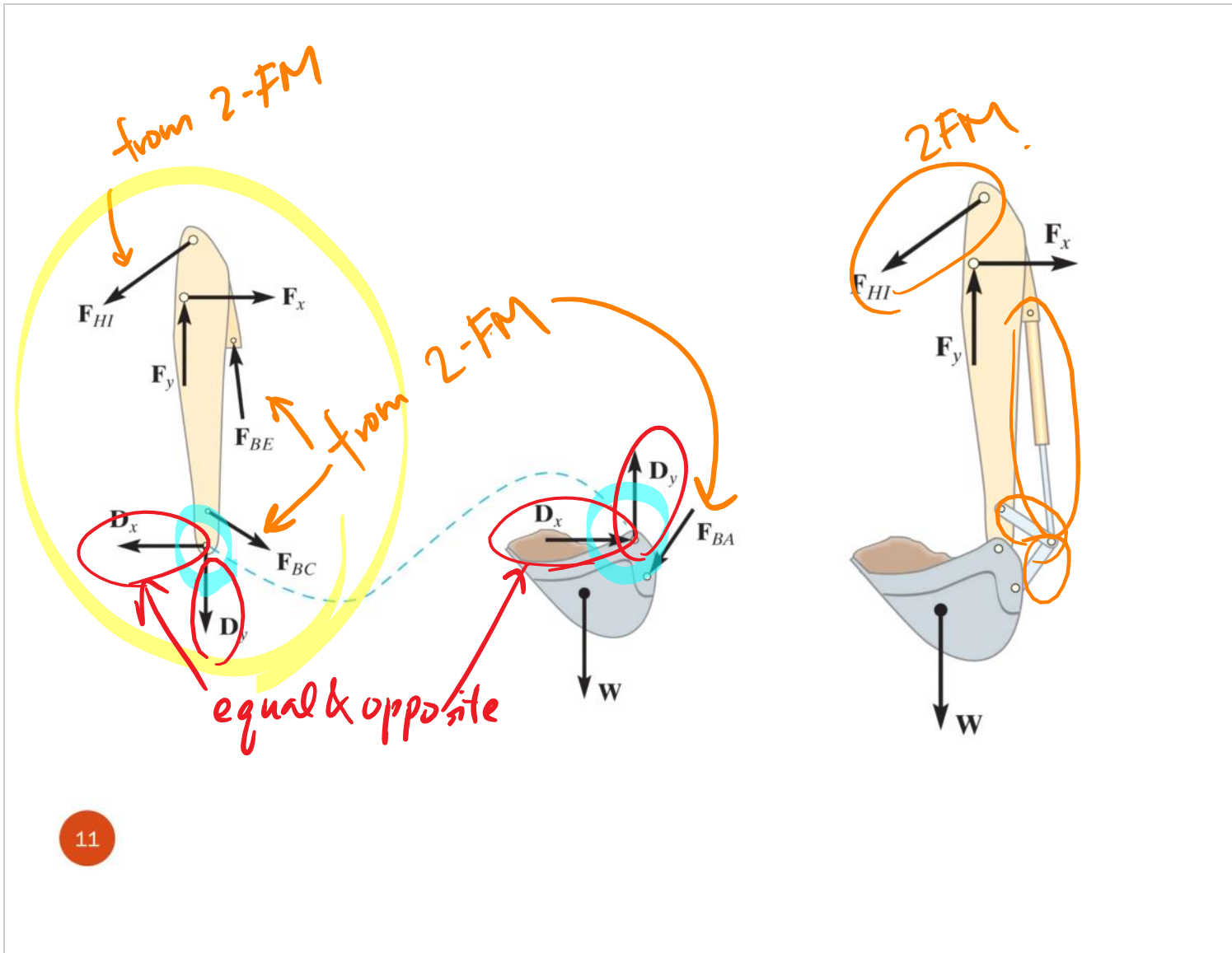


Draw the FBD of the members of the backhoe. The bucket and its contents have a weight  $W$ .

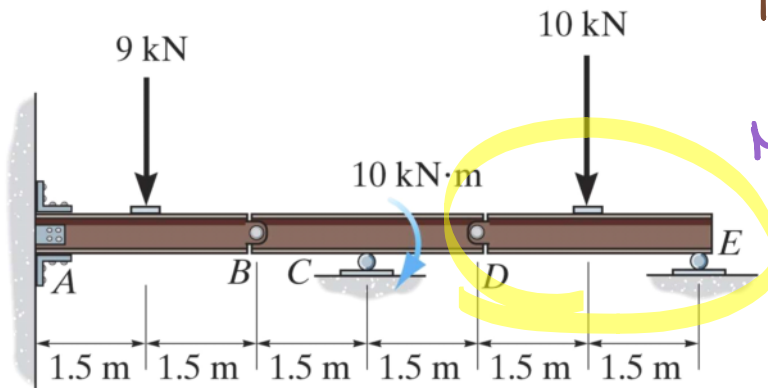


4 2-force members: HI, EB, AB, BC

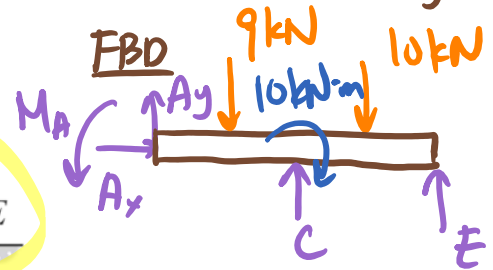




Find support force at E.



1) Structure Analysis



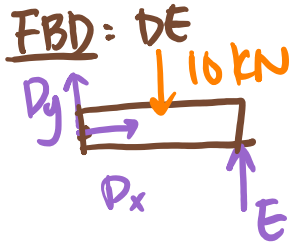
EoE

$$\Sigma F_x = A_x = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = A_y - 9\text{kN} - 10\text{kN} + C + E = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_{\text{out}} = M_A - (9\text{kN})(1.5\text{m}) + C(4.5\text{m}) - (10\text{kN})(7.5\text{m}) + E(9\text{m}) - 10\text{kN}\cdot\text{m} = 0$$

2.) Isolate a member



12 EoE

$$\Sigma F_x = D_x = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = D_y + E - 10\text{kN} = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_D = -(10\text{kN})(1.5\text{m}) + E(3\text{m}) = 0$$

$$E = 5\text{ kN} \rightarrow D_y = 5\text{ kN}$$

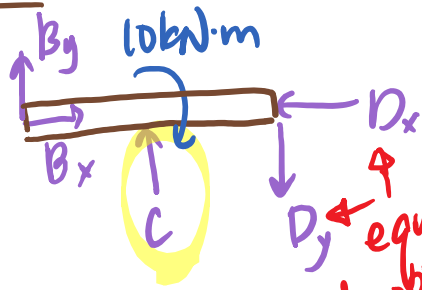
~ To many unknowns to solve for E.

~ If we were to find support at C, use member BD for analysis

r.rh . rh

#oE

FBD: BD



equal & opposite forces on DE.

∑M<sub>B</sub>

$$\sum M_B = C(1.5m) - 10\text{kN}\cdot\text{m} - D_y(3m) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow C = 16.7\text{ kN}$$